WEATHER: FOR OHIO—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday.

The Coshocton Tribune
AND TIMES-AGE

VOL. IX, No. 215. MONDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 15, 1918. TWO CENTS

MESSINES RIDGE IS HUN GOAL

REV. REUSS IS DEPOSED BY CHURCH

Pastor of Stone Creek Charge Voted Out By Congregation.

PRO-GERMANISM IS CITED AS REASON

Coshocton Loyalists' Visit to Reuss Home Brot About Action.

The Rev. Reinhold Reuss, of Locust street, Coshocton, was ousted from the pastorate of the Stone Creek German Evangelical church Sunday morning by a vote of the congregation which resulted 25 to 13 for deposition. Mr. Reuss has been pastor of the Stone Creek church for many years, holding this small charge after having given up all other activities as a minister of the gospel.

It is understood that members of his congregation at Stone Creek have been dissatisfied for some time with the attitude of Mr. Reuss toward the war and the Imperial government, and when the loyalists forced the pastor to kneel and kiss the flag at his home in Coshocton a few weeks ago the congregation decided to act toward his dismissal.

It is said by a member of the congregation that no unpatriotic utterance had ever escaped the pastor's lips while in the pulpit, but that his general attitude was far from satisfactory to the members of the church.

MRS. KINNER IS TO BE BURIED AT NEWCOMERS

Mrs. Elizabeth Kinner, aged 88, died at the home of Mrs. Electa Jolly on North Second street Sunday from the infirmities of old age.

Mrs. Kinner is survived by five children, A. L. and U. J. Kinner, of Conneaut, Ohio, Mrs. W. Sayre and Mrs. James Lennon, of Coshocton, and Mrs. Etta Young, of Uhrichsville.

Funeral services will be held at the Lutheran church at Newcomerstown, and burial will be made in the Newcomerstown cemetery.

Short services will be held at Mrs. Jolly's home Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, with Rev. E. O. Jessup in charge.

The body will then be taken to Newcomerstown, where the services will be held at one o'clock.

WAR CHEST IS DISCUSSED AT SUNDAY MEETING

A four hour discussion of the advisability, plans, ways and means of staging a war chest drive to take care of all war needs of the county for one year was participated in by 25 representative members of eight county organizations at the Red Cross work rooms Sunday afternoon.

The report of the committee created by these representatives for the purpose of investigating similar activities in other Ohio cities and recommending some course for Coshocton county to pursue was read and accepted and the committee dismissed.

Another meeting will be held for further discussion of the problem some evening this week.

ACCEPTS POSITION.

Miss Mildred White, formerly employed with the Enterprise company has accepted a position at Golden's store.

Turning Point In France Is Being Reached

Germans Have Scored Partial Victory, But Allies Have Checked Advance Forty Miles From Calais, Says Weekly Review of War Department.

(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.—"The turning point in the west is being reached. The Germans have scored a distinct advantage which it would be very unwise to endeavor to belittle.

With these solemn words of warning the war department weekly review today sums up the war situation. The huns are within 40 miles of Calais, the statement continues and as the lines of communication to channel ports radiate vertically from this battle front, the German advance is greatly facilitated.

In spite of this however, the war department brings attention to the fact that the principal aims of the enemy have not been attained.

"We must bear in mind that the enemy is waging a battle of annihilation to achieve victory," the statement says. "He is fighting today with the sole aim of annihilating the British armies. Thus, terrain conquered counts for little. If the enemy can muster the driving power he will in all probability continue his assaults, hoping that by 'an enveloping attack on an oblique front,' to use the class Prussian definition, he may score a complete annihilating victory. While it must be admitted that German operations since the beginning of the present offensive have resulted in more than a mere ploughing up part of the allied trench system and the capture of local objectives along a wide front, nevertheless the aim of the German higher command to obtain a decisive strategic success by these assults has not been attained."

"As time passes it becomes evident that the enemy is striking with renewed vigor at the weakest point he can find opposite him.

"In the offensive in Picardy the Germans sought for a rift in the line where the French and British forces joined. Failing to achieve any definite far-reaching results from this operation, they promptly return to the assault elsewhere and plunge forward hoping that by driving a wedge into the sector along the front held by Portuguese and British units they may be able to roll the British towards the sea and effect a break thru.

"This is the operation attempted this week in the region of the famous battle ground of the early days of the war in front of Lille. Here on a frontage of 16,000 yards stretching from Armentieres to the LaBassee canal, the segment held by the Portuguese troops flanked on either side by British divisions was penetrated after an intense bombardment.

"The hostile attack was favored by a thick mist and in spite of the fact that the British fought tenaciously, they were compelled to give ground after the Portuguese positions had been broken through and have since retired, abandoning Armentieres and other points.

"On the first day of the assault the enemy was bale to penetrate to a depth of from three quarters of a mile to one mile on a front of 11 miles. On the second day the front of attack was extended to 20 miles, while the impetus of the offensive was considerably slowed down and only able to reach a maximum additional depth of one half mile. The front attack has

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AUSTRIAN FOREIGN MINISTER RESIGNS

(International News Service)

LONDON, APRIL 15.—Count Czernin, the Austrian foreign minister, has resigned, according to a report received from Vienna today by way of Amsterdam.

It was said that the resignation was accepted by Emperor Charles.

It is supposed that the resignation of Count Czernin was brought about by the recent disclosures in Paris that Emperor Charles made overtures for a separate peace a year ago. Count Czernin made unsuccessful efforts to clear the emperor to the satisfaction of Germany, but succeeded only in getting further and further into difficulty. The report of Count Czernin's resignation had been preceded by a report from Copenhagen that he would make a speech on the international situation on April 20.

Little Tot Is Hit By Truck

Quimby Felton, the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Felton, of Main street, received a number of bruises when he was struck by the Ohio Service company auto truck while crossing Sebaich alley Monday noon.

The child, who evidently did not see the truck, was knocked down, and spectators feared that he was seriously injured. He was carried to his parents' home in the Sebaich building. Aside from the bruises, he was not hurt.

HAY'S HOLSTEIN HERD IS RESOLD AT SUGAR CREEK

At the sale of the William G. Hay herd of Holstein cattles, bought by S. C. Priest, of Walhonding, O., held at Sugar Creek on Thursday, April 11th, the 20 cattles sold for an average of $113.92 and not a cow sold for less than $100.

LOST SHIP MYSTERY IS UNSOLVED

Big Collier is Given Up as Lost After Thorough Search.

293 MEN ON MISSING CRAFT

Navy Department Thinks U. S. S. Cyclops Must Be at Bottom of Sea.

(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.—The mystery of the U. S. S. Cyclops remains unsolved today. Missing since March 4, when she reported from a West Indian port, the 19,000 ton collier has been given up for lost by the navy department and the relatives of the 293 officers, crew and passengers so notified. There is, of course, the faint hope that the vessel may still be afloat, but her silence indicates that she has gone to the bottom. There is also the hope that some of her company got away in life boats and naval vessels are scouring the gulf stream for possible survivors.

Meantime, interest here centered in speculation on the cause of the collier's disappearance. The theory that gigantic U-boats have been sent to this side of the Atlantic to prey upon transports and supply ships and have bagged an American warship as their first prize are not credited in naval circles. There is rather an inclination to believe an accident to her machinery caused the disaster.

It is known that one of the Cyclops' two engines was out of commission at the time of the last report and that the vessel was forced to proceed at reduced speed with the remaining engine compound. This would not interfere with the powerful wireless she carried, however, and increases the conviction that the ship has gone down. There is also the possibility altho navy officials will not comment upon it, that a German agent succeeded in getting a bomb aboard. But so carefully is such an act guarded against, it is doubtful if such a thing happened.

COSHOCTON COUNTY COPS FOURTH PLACE IN DISTRICT FOR SUBSCRIBING ITS QUOTA

Total Sales Up to Monday Noon Amount to $547,200 or $15,800 Beyond Quota—Presentation of Flags at West Lafayette Witnessed by an Enormous Throng Sunday.

County's quota, $531,400; total amount subscribed up to Monday noon, $547,200.

The happy result has been achieved. Coshocton county has gone over the top in the third Liberty Loan drive, as was confidently predicted at the beginning of the campaign one week ago. Not only has she already over subscribed her quota but has won fourth place in the Cleveland district, comprising twenty-nine counties. Every township in the county is expected to have sold its full quota by Wednesday night. Reports from over the county state that the finishing campaign started in every township not up to its full quota. The township [illegible] being assisted by the city's sales organization, the fourteen captains and their teams starting out early Monday morning in automobiles. The government has requested large oversubscriptions as all bonds sold will be furnished and the government insists that each township subscribe its full quota. All persons who have subscription cards filled out are urgently requested to get the cards promptly to the banks in order that the townships may be given proper credit.

West Lafayette's Methodist Episcopal church, filled to its utmost capacity, was the setting for a patriotic scene Sunday afternoon at 2:30 when the splendid silk flag, awarded by the chairman of the Liberty Loan Sales Committee, was formally presented by C. B. McCoy to the citizens of Lafayette township for being the first community in Coshocton county to raise its quota in the third campaign. At the same time the U. S. government flag was awarded to Lafayette township for having raised its quota.

Standing room was at a premium when the ceremonies began and a great many people stood on the outside of the church. Mr. McCoy gave a most eloquent address, reviewing the war situation from its very beginning down to the present. He said that the question naturally arises: What is this war all about? It's a fair question, he said, and one which entitles the people to an answer. Then he told of the vast preparation which

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TRAINING DAYS END; LEAGUES LINE UP

Pennant Race For 1918 Officially Launched This Week, Magnates Confident

LOOK FOR GOOD YR. DESPITE THE WAR

Yankees Start at Washington, Athletics at Boston—Giants in Fine Form.

(By JACK VEIOCK)
(International News Service)

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15.—With the eastern clubs of the American league in action today, and all other teams ready to open the season tomorrow the pennant races of the two major leagues will be officially launched this week.

The spring training jaunts to Dixie are over, the holdout brigade has capitaulated, and to the professional fraternity has a large representation in the army and navy, baseball appears to be as staunch as ever before.

The powers that be in the major leagues have greeted the opening of the season with confident statements. They feel that the game is so thoroly established that there is nothing to fear and it is being predicted that the season of 1918 will be even more suc-

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COUNTRY CLUB SOLD

The County Club property on Cambridge street was sold Monday to C. B. Hunt by Receiver H. S. Lybarger for $26,221. The property was formerly owned by a partnership of S. H. Nicholas and C. B. Hunt.

TWO FINGERS ARE AMPUTATED

Theodore Ledbetter, aged 18, of Doine, North Carolina, had the two middle fingers on his right hand amputated at the city hospital Monday noon, following an accident at the Coshocton Art Leather company Monday morning.

Ledbetter, who came to this city recently and has been working at the Art Leather company only a short time, was operating at an embossing press and caught his hand in it.

Dr. J. W. Shaw and Dr. Lister Pomerene were the attending physicians.

CRAWFORD GOES OVER THE TOP

Crawford township has gone "Over The Top." Monday morning the news was received at Liberty Loan headquarters that Crawford has subscribed her full quota of $18,000.

BRITISH FALL BACK IN FACE OF FLANK ATTACK; MAIN LINES HOLD FAST

Bailleuil is Held by British Despite Stubbornly Repeated Attempts to Dislodge Them—Renewal of Drive Toward Amiens is Believed Impending.

LONDON, APRIL 15.—Heavy fighting, that centered around Merville and Neuve Egliz, continued all day Sunday on the Flanders' battle field.

The British lines held firm and the assaults were beaten off altho the British were compelled to retire from Neuve Egliz for the second time.

Seven attacks were delivered in the Merville sector, but all broke down with heavy loss.

At one point the enemy advanced in five waves. Under the weight of this pressure the British line was bent back slightly, but was completely restored later by a counter attack.

Enemy forces southwest of Bailleuil succeeded temporarily in penetrating the British positions, but were ejected by a counter thrust and the line was restored.

Successful minor operations were carried out by the British during the night to the east of Robeecq and several machine guns and 150 prisoners were captured from the Germans.

In fighting south of the Somme river, in the sector of Hangard, the British position was improved and a number of German prisoners were captured.

German artillery was active around Bucquoy.

LONDON, APRIL 15.—Severe fighting has again developed at Neuve Egliz, the British official statement said today, and the British withdrew for a second time.

(Neuve Egliz lies between four and five miles north of Armentieres and the same distance east of Bailleuil. It is in Belgium near the French frontier.)

The Germans have been delivering hard blows in the Neuve Egliz sector in an effort to outflank the British positions on the high ground of Messines Ridge.

The village changed hands several times.

Despite their employment of vast forces of fresh men, the Germans have been unable to extend their gains in the Flanders' battle and today found the British still holding firm in their battle positions and the lines intact.

In the latest outbreak of hostilities along the nine mile front that stretched across the Franco-Belgian frontier, near Neuve Egliz, the Germans have bent their greatest efforts to break the British grip on the railroad town of Bailleuil.

(Bailleuil is about a mile from the fighting line. It is between seven and eight miles northwest of Armentieres and from three to four miles west of Neuve Egliz, which the Germans claimed to have captured on Sunday.)

In the official report put out by the British war office on Sunday night it was stated that Neuve Egliz remained in the possession of the British after stubborn fighting.

"The German attacks in this district were pressed home with great determination, and his losses thruout have been heavy as a consequence," Field Marshal Haig reported. "On Sunday the Germans renewed their attempts to gain the village and the fighting has continued.

"An attack commenced by the Germans early Sunday morning in the neighborhood of Bailleuil was repulsed by the British and another hostile attack which developed late in the neighborhood of Merris likewise was a failure.

"During Sunday German troops tried to attack to the northwest of Merville, but the assaulting waves were broken up by the artillery fire."

"German guns in the Albert sector of the Picardy front were thundering all day Sunday and it is expected that there will be a renewal of the German drive toward Amiens soon.

(Merris lies on the Hazebrouck railway three miles southwest of Bailleuil. The village is between 12 and 13 miles north of Bethune. Merville is between four and five miles south of Merris.)

The German war office in its official report on Sunday night made a vague claim of further progress, saying that there had been "successful engagements between Neuve Egliz, and Vauxberquin.

The twenty-sixth day of the battles on the Picardy and Flanders' front found the British still holding to the crest of the famous Messines' Ridge, in Belgium, against which the Germans have been making futile flanking thrusts.

The battle line now runs as follows:

From Messines through Wulverghem and Neuve Egliz, southeast of Bailleuil, past Festubert and Givenchy rejoining the old line at a point southwest of LaBassee.

The battle of Flanders continues to be the center of the world's attention and for the time being almost a complete lull has set in along the southern flank of the German salient in front of Amiens where the French are holding the line. There have been intermittent artillery duels there but no infantry activity to speak of.

The Germans have concentrated heavy forces of reserves far north of the Flanders battle zone and there were indications that a drive would be launched at the Belgian army.

In the struggle between LaBassee canal and the Ypres-Comiens canal since last Wednesday morning the Germans have been concentrating their pressure in an effort to attain these immediate objectives

"Messines' Ridge, Bailleuil, Hazebrouck, Lillers and Bethune.

"Not one of these has yet been attained in spite of tremendous casualties and the lavish use of reserves. It is estimated that the Germans have thrown between 40 and 50 divisions into the struggle in the north so far while many of these have been completely shattered."

So furious has been the combats that many villages have changed hands four or five times.

At some points fighting has been taking place over ground that had not

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U. S. LIBERTY BONDS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS

NewspaperARCHIVE.com



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She thrust the photograph into her waist. Quickly she slipped a cartridge into each of the chambers of the revolver. Then she backed toward the end of the tent, keeping the entrance covered by her weapon.

The men stopped outside, and Meriem could hear Malbihn profanely issuing instructions. He was a long time about it, and while he talked in his bellowing, brutish voice the girl sought some avenue of escape.

Stooping, she raised the bottom of the canvas and looked beneath and beyond. There was no one in sight upon that side. Throwing herself upon her stomach, she wormed beneath the tent wall just as Malbihn, with a final word to his men, entered the tent.

Meriem heard him cross the floor, and then she rose and, stooping low, ran to a native hut directly behind. Once inside this she turned and glanced back. There was no one in sight. She had not been seen.

And now from Malbihn's tent she heard a great cursing. The Swede had discovered the rifling of his box. He was shouting to his men, and as she heard them reply Meriem darted from the hut and ran toward the edge of the boma farthest from Malbihn's tent.

Two minutes' start of any pursuers was all Meriem cared for. Once in the trees she knew that she could outdistance and elude them.

Her hopes were high. They could not overtake her now; she had had too good a start of them!

There was a smile on her lips as she dropped to the ground to cross a little clearing where once had stood a native village surrounded by its fields. The huts still stood in ruins.

The deserted huts were to her all the better because they were deserted. She did not see the keen eyes watching her from a dozen points, from tumbling doorways, from behind tottering granaries. In utter unconsciousness of impending danger she started up the village street because it offered the clearest pathway to the jungle.

CHAPTER XV.
Morison Squares Accounts.

A mile away toward the east, fighting his way through the jungle along the trail taken by Malbihn when he had brought Meriem to his camp, a man in torn khaki, filthy, haggard, unkempt, came to a sudden stop as the report of a rifle resounded faintly through the tangled forest. The black man just ahead of him stopped too.

"We are almost there, Bwana," he said. There was awe and respect in his tone and manner.

The white man nodded and motioned his [illegible] It was the Hon. Morison Baynes, the fastidious the exquisite. His face and hands were scratched and smeared with dried blood from the wounds he had come by in thorn and thicket. His clothes were tatters. But through the blood and the dirt and the rags a new Baynes shone forth—a handsomer Baynes than the dandy and fop of yore.

As the two forged ahead toward their goal they were startled by a volley of shots ahead of them. Then came a few scattering reports, some savage yells and silence.

Baynes was frantic in his endeavors to advance more rapidly, but here the jungle seemed a thousandfold more tangled than before. A dozen times he tripped and fell. Twice the black followed a blind trail, and they were forced to retrace their steps, but at last they came out into a little clearing near the big afi, a clearing that once had held a thriving village, but now lay desolate in decay and ruin.

In the jungle vegetation that overgrew what had once been the main village street lay the body of a black man, pierced through the heart with a bullet and still warm. Baynes and his companion looked about in all directions, but no sign of a living being could they discover. They stood in silence, listening intently.

What was that? Voices and the dip of paddles out upon the river?

Baynes ran across the dead village toward the fringe of jungle upon the river's brim. The black was at his side. Together they forced their way through the screening foliage until they could obtain a view of the river, and there, almost to the other shore, they saw Malbihn's canoes making rapidly for camp.

The black recognized his companions immediately.

"How can we cross?" asked Baynes.

The black shook his head. There was no canoe, and the crocodiles made it equivalent to suicide to enter the water in an attempt to swim across.

Just then the fellow chanced to glance downward. Beneath him, wedged among the branches of a tree, lay a canoe.

The negro grasped Baynes' arm and pointed toward his find. The Hon. Morison could scarce repress a shout of exultation. Quickly the two slid down the drooping branches into the boat. The black seized the paddle, and Baynes shoved them out from beneath the tree. A second later the canoe shot out upon the bosom of the river and headed toward the opposite shore and the camp of the Swede.

Baynes squatted in the bow, straining his eyes after the men pulling the other canoes upon the bank across from him. He saw Malbihn step from the bow of the foremost of the little craft. He saw him turn and glance back across the river. He could see his start of surprise as his eyes fell upon the pursuing canoe and called the attention of his followers to it.

Now the canoe was within easy speaking distance of the shore.

"What do you want?" yelled Malbihn, raising his weapon threateningly.

"You, hang you!" shouted Baynes, whipping out his revolver and firing almost simultaneously with the Swede.

As the two reports rang out Malbihn dropped his rifle, clutched frantically at his breast, staggered, fell, first to his knees and then lunged upon his face. Baynes stiffened. His head flew back spasmodically. For an instant he stood thus and then crumpled very gently into the bottom of the boat.

Baynes turned weakly in the direction of the shore, to see Malbihn drawn up upon his elbows, leveling his rifle at him. The Englishman slid to the bottom of the canoe as a bullet whizzed above him. Malbihn, sore hit, took longer in aiming nor was his aim as sure as formerly.

With difficulty Baynes turned himself over on his stomach and, grasping his revolver in his right hand, drew himself up until he could look over the edge of the canoe.

Malbihn saw him instantly and fired, but Baynes did not flinch or duck. With painstaking care he aimed at the [illegible] upon the shore, away from [illegible] he now was drifting with the [illegible] His finger closed upon the trigger. There was a flash, a report, and Malbihn's giant frame jerked to the impact of another bullet.

But he was not yet dead. Again he aimed and fired, the bullet splintering the gunwale of the canoe close by Baynes' face. Baynes fired again as his canoe drifted further downstream, and Malbihn answered from the shore, where he lay in a pool of his own blood.

And thus, doggedly, the two wounded men continued to carry on their weird duel until the winding African river had carried the Hon. Morison Baynes out of sight around a wooded point.

* * * * * * *

Meriem had traversed half the length of the village street when a score of white-robed negroes and half-castes leaped out upon her from the dark interiors of the surrounding huts. She tried to flee, but heavy hands seized her, and when she turned at last to plead with them her eyes fell upon the face of a tall, grim old man glaring down upon her from the folds of his burnoose.

At sight of him she staggered back in shocked and terrified surprise. It was the sheik!

The sheik and his party had been marching southward along the river when one of them, dropping out of line to fetch water, had seen Meriem making for the village. The fellow had called the sheik's attention to the strange sight—a white woman alone in central Africa—and the old Arab had hidden his men in the deserted village to capture her.

And when at last the woman had walked into the trap he had set for her and he had recognized her as the same little girl he had brutalized and maltreated years before his gratification had been huge. Now he lost no time in establishing the old relations of father and daughter that had existed between them in the past.

A two days' march brought them at last to the familiar scenes of her childhood, and the first face upon which she set her eyes as she was driven through the gates into the strong stockade was that of the toothless, hideous Mabunu, her one time nurse. It was as though all the years that had intervened were but a dream. Had it not been for her clothing and the fact that she had grown in stature she might well have believed it so.

For a time the inhabitants of the sheik's village who had not been upon the march with him amused themselves by inspecting the strangely clad white girl whom some of them had known as a little child.

Among the Arabs who had come in her absence was a tall young fellow of twenty, a handsome, sinister looking youth, who stared at her in open admiration until the sheik came and ordered him away, and Abdul Kamak went, scowling.

At last their curiosity satisfied, Meriem was left alone. As of old, she was permitted the freedom of the village, for the stockade was high and strong and the only gates were well guarded by day and night. But as of old, she cared not for the companionship of the cruel Arabs and the degraded blacks who [illegible] the following of the sheik [illegible] her wanted [illegible] childhood, she sought [illegible] quiet corner of the [illegible] had often played at housekeeping with her beloved Geeka.

Meriem pressed her hand above her heart and [illegible] so she felt the [illegible] of the photographs [illegible] she stole from Malbihn's tent. Now she drew it forth and commenced to re-examine it more carefully than she had [illegible]

(To Be Continued.)

City subscribers should insist on a receipt from the carrier.

Suggestions
For House Cleaning Time

Varnishes, Floor Paint, Wall Paint, Enamels, Crack Filler, Wall Paper Cleaner, Cedar Polish, Dust Mops, Step Ladders, Calcimo, cold water paint. Hannas Green Seal Paint.

Chi-Namel Color Varnish

We have the strongest and best coaster wagon made.

Central Hdwe. Co.

Busy Store
Sixth and Main

Women's Pumps and Oxfords

Newest designs in Pumps, white, brown, black kid and patents. Slim toes and Louis heels. Do not slip at heels.

Oxfords, white, brown, and black Kid. Narrow, long toes, low and high heels.

The Newest in Footwear

Brendel Bros. Fitters of Feet

FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS

DOCTOR COULD NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her from a Serious Operation.



Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I suffered something dreadful from a displacement and two very bad attacks of inflammation. My doctor said he could do nothing more for me and I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have entirely cured me of my troubles and I am now in good health. I am willing you should use my testimonial and hope to benefit other suffering women by so doing."—Mrs. F. PLATT, 9 Woodbine St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Operations upon women in our hospitals are constantly on the increase, but before submitting to an operation for ailments peculiar to their sex every woman owes it to herself to give that famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

If complications exist write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice.

FOR SKIN ERUPTIONS

Rashes, heat and clears the skin of infants and children like

Sykes Comfort Powder

which contains harmless antiseptic healing ingredients not found in any other powder. At the Vinol and other drug stores. The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

FORMER LOCAL REPORTER WRITES AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM OVER THERE

Arthur M. B[illegible], formerly a reporter on The [illegible] and now in France [illegible] quartermaster's corps, American Expeditionary Forces, has [illegible] of some of his [illegible] leaving Camp [illegible] to be [illegible]

[illegible] are given [illegible]

[illegible] 1918.

Our trip [illegible] is frequently [illegible] Practically [illegible] as we [illegible] some worse [illegible] others. I was sick for two days [illegible] bunch [illegible] was no [illegible] looking bunch [illegible] heard of before [illegible] One of the first [illegible] connection [illegible] port [illegible]

Arriving in port [illegible] boat one day [illegible] and marched out to a camp [illegible] elapse [illegible] was almost forgot the [illegible] part of our trip [illegible] Friday and back [illegible] trip in thirteen days. We remained at the camp at [illegible] near the [illegible] for a few days. Without exception [illegible] that it was the worst place in the world. One thing, however, there they had some very good looking gardens. One of the first things we [illegible] we marched into the camp [illegible] a number of colored boys playing base ball. We were not allowed [illegible] privileges at the place. Remained [illegible] only about a week then to [illegible] trip of about 200 miles further inland. The trip was made in the [illegible] box cars marked "hommes 40 Cheveaux 8" meaning room for 40 men or 8 horses. I do not believe it. We had 28 men in our car and you never heard so much grumbling when it came [illegible] to [illegible] piled on top of each other and [illegible] every thing we possibly could, to add to our comfort and perhaps to the great discomfort of our comrades.

Quite a number of [illegible] were on the same train for different points, etc. Rations were issued to us or rather to the sergeant in charge. These were piled into a corner [illegible] train began to move then were divided among the four sections of our car. Among the issue were candles which were placed in a sort of lantern. The tracks are none too smooth and [illegible] ahead at probably forty miles an hour the lantern swung to and fro like a great pendulum. [illegible] that little jump of about 200 miles be remembered and many times will it be spoken of back in the U. S. by the tourists themselves. There was no heat in the cars, most of the men were curious to see the landscape as the train bumped along, so it was pretty cool in the car.

Left the coast town about 6:30 on the evening of one day [illegible] reached our destination something like [illegible] 20 hours. I assert you cannot imagine a trip across France in one of these box cars. There is nothing else in the world like it. The car had four sections figuratively speaking [illegible] nothing more or less than "take down [illegible]" There is a brake on the inside of the car. Mr. Brakeman has a little tower near the brake [illegible] he can moan and look about perhaps a little better than he could thru a periscope. If he likes he has a place to sit down also. Fine for the brakeman, but you should hear the American soldier tell about it. So much for the trip and the cars, perhaps you have read several descriptions [illegible] and other history of such trips in our magazines.

Following that little sight-seeing trip we landed at a pretty good sized city. And really saw some the nicest [illegible] while we were assigned to our quarters. This place [illegible] going to look good. Was big clean [illegible] than most I guess, cities. Our bunch had good quarters and had rest for several days, getting special meals, etc., more privileges and were considering what we had come over for as we had done practically no work.

One morning we received orders to report at one of the big American offices. Our bunch consisted of all of [illegible] about nine o'clock one morning [illegible] at the big office we were assigned [illegible] and told to stay there until further orders and orders [illegible] authority and not until [illegible] questioned were we to leave. After getting those jobs we became very [illegible] for [illegible] That afternoon about [illegible] o'clock a man came in the office and called out three names mine being the first. I shouted at him then he asked where the other two were. I told him. He says, "Brunskill I'll put you in charge of these other two men and you leave here tonight at 6 o'clock." So we left. And so much fun and such a trip as we had.

We were to proceed at once to—— —— a place seemingly never before heard of at that place. A military police tried to give us instructions [illegible] road officials tried. We saw a train which we tho about ready to move. We could not speak French and the other players could not speak English so we had the game all to ourselves. We got on the train which soon did move but we had no idea where or how far we were going but steamed again for about 200 miles. We showed our orders to every body that would look at them and changed cars about as often. We came to another nice big town and remained there a few hours, getting out of there early in the morning. We had just about reached our place when we found a Russian Jew who "spoke a little English." He explained something about where we would change cars and so on, later a Frenchman who "spoke a little English" said we would be there in about ten minutes—which was right.

We pulled into the place eating our breakfast, and finished eating our breakfast on the station platform, [illegible] to the attraction of the travelers and townspeople—as judging from the "remarks and later developments" we were the first three Americans to join their little family circle. We are here yet, but will not be much longer, expecting to move most any time.

We passed thee suburbs of Paris the morning after the big air raid there on the night of January 31. We could not see much of the city tho. Speaking of air raids we had one here last Friday or March 8. I had been wrestling with a big auburn-haired chap from Vermont when the alarm was given. We all rushed out side and could see the flash of the big anti-aircraft guns. Could also occasionally hear the hum of the double motor of the Boche. Several search lights were seen in the sky trying to reveal the avions. The "Allemand" flyers dropped two or three bombs a few miles below us. We could see the flash in the sky and hear the report of the explosion. Again Monday night the enemy planes came over, but the guns in our neighborhood evidently gave them another reception which they did not like. I have a few of the smaller shells fired during the first raid.

For the past several weeks I have been working under Major John R. Kilpatrick, the famous football player at Yale from 1909 to 1911. He is a prince of an officer too. In fact we have been very fortunate as all the officers for whom we are working are much better than in generally thot by many of the men. In fact I believe all officers are O. K. if the other fellow is willing to meet them half way.

We three were quartered with a French company for about two weeks, sleeping and eating with them. Say you never had such a feeling as you get when in a foreign country and it comes meal time and you are eating with a bunch of men and you cannot converse with them. Not until the last day we were with them could we say much more than "Bon jour" (good day). On the last day one fellow came into our room we three had a room all to ourselves, practically, and spoke to [illegible] I talked to him for about an hour. Just a few nights ago I found another Frenchman. I could not [illegible] French and he could not speak American. He asked if I could parley "Bonjour." I did, so we talked about two hours. Rather odd both of us conversing in the language of the country.

Summer was declared here a few days ago. Saturday March [illegible] to be exact. The clock was turned [illegible] hour ahead. It is now 4 p. m. here or about [illegible] a. m. where you are.

All the foregoing was written on an Underwood No. 5 which [illegible] work something like the old [illegible] but the rest I am writing on a Royal No. 7. When the office was first started we had not received all our equipment, including typewriters so we [illegible] a French keyboard which is a little different from ours. And having a pretty good turn all considered there are quite a number of things to consider.

Was paid yesterday for the first time since our November pay. Luckily I had brot some money from home. Had just $2.40 left when paid. A mistake was made in my pay and will have to wait until next pay to get rest of it. For the three months received 248 francs and 50 centimes being about 35 francs short. Some of the fellows had a good time last night, payday you know.

Let me know the latest peace terms and rumours you have heard. Do not bet on practically all the peace rumors you hear and the end of the war; is it in sight from "over there?"

Three of our Buckeyes are together, one an auburn haired youngster who was a traveling salesman for the C. W. Bobb Company at Columbus, O. The other, George W. Mullin, worked in and around Coshocton one summer [illegible] topographical surveyors for the government. He remembers quite a little about Coshocton. Almost like having one of the Coshocton boys with me. We three each take a turn working all night at the office. This afternoon I will be off duty on all night, and on duty again [illegible] morning, thus our schedule goes on. While doing the night turn have had very good opportunity to talk to several bright chaps returning from the front line trenches.

Popular phrases used by the French boys and girls from 2 to 20 years are "cigarette," "souvenir" and "biscuit." "Cigarette" is the most frequently used. They seem to have a better developed appetite for cigarettes than we do for home made candy and cake and that is great.

Almost forgot to tell you that I can make my [illegible] pretty well understood now by the French. Many of the French in the different cities speak, as they term it: "Oh yes, I speak a little English."

Enough for this side. I am getting anxious and interested in the news from home; Coshocton and [illegible]

Tell the "staff" for me that I am having a wonderful time, but six months ago when telling you and Nora that, "I wouldn't mind going over, I never thot I would be.

I would like very much to hear from some of the other boys. Have Capt. Stitts, Lieuts Lynde Hays, and a few of the other "come over" yet. Where are the motor boys—Joe Gallimore, Ralph Holmes, and the others? There are a thousand questions more or less I would like to ask.

Has Otto Price baseball team started the season yet? How did the C. H. S. basketball team make out this year?

Will close, with many happy thots of dear old Coshocton friends. I am

Sincerely yours,
Arthur M. Brunskill,
Clerk, Q. M. C., N. A.
Amexforce, France
A. P. O. 705

P. S. Picked up Saturday Evening Post a few days ago, published in November, carrying Burroughs Adding Machine ad, which told of the Garver Bros. story at Strasburg, and even mentioned Coshocton. Small, little old world after all. Of course I had to cut out the page and tell everybody about it.

[illegible] BAD [illegible] GOOD [illegible] BEST

CUT OUR ESTIMATE IT'S FREE

[illegible]

BOTH PHONES

How This Fine Family of Seven Children Keeps Healthy





Mother Depends on Father John's Medicine — For Colds, Coughs and Body Building

No Alcohol or Dangerous Drugs

For the last four years, whenever any of our seven children have had colds we gave them Father John's Medicine" writes Klaas Zandstra of Whitinsville, Mass. "We have used it for all of the children and they have been greatly benefited by taking Father John's Medicine for colds and body building." Crowded with nourishment and warmth-giving, strength-building elements Father John's Medicine is also guaranteed free from alcohol or dangerous drugs, and is, therefore, a safe reliable family medicine.

CHINA TO SEND A WARSHIP TO AID THE ALLIES

(International News Service)

TOKIO, APRIL 15.—China will send a warship to join the allied fleet in the harbor at Vladivostok, according to a despatch from Pekin today.

It is reported the city officials have just joined with the Soviets in protesting against the landing of Japanese marines in the city. The protest was delivered to the Japanese naval commander. The protest is said to have declared that the municipality was not responsible for the killing of three Japanese subjects and therefore the landing of armed forces was unwarranted.

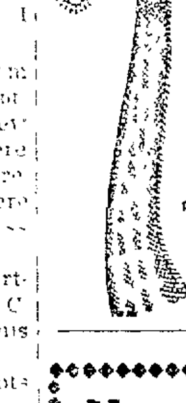
Soviet newspapers (Bolsheviki organs) expressed dissatisfaction over the presence of foreign troops, while the moderate papers blame the lawlessness upon the Soviet authorities.

The Japanese newspaper Asahi prints a despatch saying that all of the population of Vladivostok, regardless of nationality are satisfied with the landing of armed Japanese forces.

City subscribers should insist on a Subscribe for The Tribune

COLUMBUS—The Rev. J. H. Hatfield, pastor of the Hope Memorial Presbyterian church, has resigned his pastorate to work among army cantonments in the south and will leave April 17 for Atlanta, Ga.

CINCINNATI—The trustees of the German Protestant Orphan asylum have substituted the word "General" for "German" in the name.



IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW, AND HAD SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT. 35c. and 60c. Hospital Size, $1. ALL DRUGGISTS

House Cleaning Time

Means re-decorating to most housewives.

Our Paint and Varnish line this year is unlimited. Make your selections here.

The Gray Hardware Co.

ORDER COAL NOW!

Ohio Fuel Administrator advises householders to secure their winter's supply of COAL before May 15th, to help prevent a [illegible] COAL SHORTAGE next winter.

As an inducement, we will accept orders for coal to be delivered to residences BEFORE MAY 15th, to the limit of our capacity, at a substantial reduction in price.

Our prices for this period will be:

¾ Lump Coal ......16c per bushel
Mine Run ....15c per bushel

INGHAM & SALVAGE

Telephones: Mine, Bell 2137-4. Residence, Bell 236, Citz. 750-C.

Over The County

BLISSFIELD RT. 1

Mrs. Mary Ann Burrell and Earl Burrell spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Guthrie.

Mr. R. J. Burrell and daughter Nellie were business callers in Coshocton Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Waters and son [illegible] Mrs. Harris Waters.

Miss Mary Burrell spent Saturday night with Miss Beulah Buchanan.

Misses Lillie and [illegible] DeWitt spent the week end with their aunt, Mrs. Edward Mochwart.

Leona Burrell spent the week end with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Boyd of Keene.

J. J. Zimmers and son Kenneth called on R. J. Burrell Sunday afternoon.

Miss Pearl Waters is spending a few days with her brother, Earl Waters.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Buchanan spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Carey Adams.

Kenneth Zimmer spent Saturday morning with Walter Davis.

Misses Causbia Buchanan and Vernie Waters spent the week end with Miss Grace Markley of Spring Mountain.

Beulah and Theodore Buchanan called on Mary and Samuel Burrell Friday evening.

Mrs. R. J. Burrell and son Samuel spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Boyd.

Mrs. G. B. Buchanan attended the Ladies' Aid society at the home of Mrs. William Mowery Thursday afternoon.

CONESVILLE RT. 1

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McAllister had as their guests at dinner Sunday Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sprague and children, Edna and Wilus, of Coshocton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward McAllister and children, of West Lafayette, Charles Kinner and family, Mrs. Sarah Kinner, Jesse Kinner, Mrs. John Heck and Miss Fannie Heck.

Arthur Erman has resumed his studies at the Coshocton high school after being ill for the past two weeks with measles.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Ross and daughter Bernice were in Coshocton Saturday.

Jasper Rine moved his family from the John Roahrig farm to the Neiden farm near Warsaw.

Henry Ashbaker has purchased the John Roahrig farm and will move his family there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Long have moved their household goods to Maysville.

Mrs. Lester Marquand spent Saturday and Sunday with Walter Marquand and family near Otsego.

The play given at Pine Grove school house Saturday night was well attended.

WEST CARLISLE

The entertainment given by the Trinway glee club composed of high school boys, was greatly enjoyed by all present.

A Japanese student from the O. W. U. gave a most interesting address at the M. E. church Sunday evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid society will be held at the home of Mrs. Milton Wright Wednesday afternoon, April 17th.

Misses Geneva and Louise Crawford of Coshocton were week end visitors at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Crawford.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Gault and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Magruder motored to Coshocton Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Graham returned home Saturday after a visit with her son Elmer and family at Adams Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Mason and little son Albert were Sunday guests of Newark friends.

Edwin Wiggars, who is employed at Coshocton, spent Tuesday evening at his home here.

[illegible] were business callers in Frazeysburg Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Wright and son Cecil motored to Coshocton Sunday and spent the day with friends.

D. S. [illegible] is in Marysville this week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Botts and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gault and daughter Mary called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Shaeffer near Frazeysburg Monday evening.

Alex Strange, who died in Coshocton hospital last week was buried in our village cemetery Monday following the funeral service which was conducted by Rev. Adams at the home near Cooperdale.

Mrs. R. E. Welling was hostess to the members of the Twentieth Century club Saturday evening, April 6th. A good program on the conservation of food was given, followed by a discussion, "Should we live to eat or eat to live?"

FRAZEYSBURG

Mrs. Allen Robinson is spending some time with relatives near Bladensburg.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Ashcraft, Hazel and Roy Ashcraft spent Saturday in Coshocton.

Mr. J. J. Ashcraft was sawing wood for Allen Robinson Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Stockberger (Nellie Ashcraft) of near Conesville spent the week end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ashcraft.

Some from this route attended the Easter exercise at Fairview Sunday evening.

Mr. Charles Gault called at the home of Carlos Kilpatrick Sunday.

Mr. J. L. Ashcraft was in Newark Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Millard Acord and little daughter were in Frazeysburg Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. French Ashcraft and little son spent Thursday evening with R. E. Ashcraft and family.

Mr. A. Moran and daughter Lecia, of Mt. Pleasant called at the home of Noah Ashcraft Thursday.

Mr. W. H. Ashcraft of Frazeysburg is spending some time at the home of his son French Ashcraft.

Methodists Shake Hands

Hand-shaking night was observed at Grace M. E. church last evening. At the close of the preaching service, the congregation gathered in the parlors to shake hands with each other and get acquainted with any new members or visitors present. The Sunday school orchestra, which has attained a high degree of excellency, played several selections.

"Spiritualism" was the subject of the sermon preached by the pastor, Rev. John I. Wean. In addition to pointing out that to believe in Spiritualism is to disobey the Bible, Rev. Mr. Wean told enough of the means employed by mediums to make this belief appear ridiculous.

Miss Odell Gaumer, of this city, is spending the week-end with relatives in West Lafayette.

Ugly, Unsightly Pimples Are Signals of Bad Blood

Give Heed to the Warning.

Pimples on the face and other parts of the body are warnings from Nature that your blood is sluggish and impoverished. Sometimes they foretell eczema, boils, blisters, scaly eruptions and other skin disorders that burn like flames of fire.

They mean that your blood needs S. S. S. to purify it and cleanse it of these impure accumulations that can cause unlimited trouble. This remedy is the greatest vegetable blood purifier known, and contains no minerals or chemicals to injure the most delicate skin.

Go to your drugstore, and get a bottle of S. S. S. today, and get rid of those unsightly and disfiguring pimples, and other skin irritations. And it will cleanse your blood thoroughly. If you wish special medical advice, you can obtain it without charge by writing to Medical Director, 29 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Georgia.

MODERN HOUSE-CLEANING

Rugs and Carpets Cleaned by Compressed Air. No Beating

No drugery beating rugs and carpets. No unhealthful breathing of disease germs and dust that have accumulated during the winter.

Phone us and we will return them to you bright and clean without a particle of dust.

Eureka Laundry Co.

DOCTOR SAYS VINOL IS THE BEST TONIC

Honest Opinion Doctor Gave His Patient

Bedford, Ohio.—"I was in a pitiful condition, weak, nervous and run down so I could not do my housework. I had doctored for years and tried everything under the sun. A friend told me about Vinol. I asked my doctor about it, and he replied, 'It certainly is the best medicine that can be had today. I couldn't give you any better.' I took it, and today I am as well and strong as any woman could wish to be, and it was Vinol that saved me."—Mrs. Frank A. Horkey, Ash St., Bedford, Ohio.

We guarantee this famous cod liver and iron tonic for all such conditions.

Seagrist & Williams, Druggists, Coshocton, and at the best drug store in every town and city in the country.

OLD TIME PENNANT WINNERS LEAD IN 1918 RACE

Big League Champs of Year Ago Still Look Good to Dopesters.

WHITE SOX LINE-UP NOT INJURED BY WAR

Giants Not Weakened Altho Several Stars Will Be Missing This Year.

(By JACK VELOCK)
(International News Service)

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15.—The White Sox and Giants stand out today as logical pennant winners in the major league races which open Tuesday.

Some of their rivals have been strengthened while others have been weakened by player deals or the weight of war, but the 1917 champions are just as strong as ever and the "dope" favors them to repeat.

The world's champion White Sox have not lost a player whose absence will hurt their chances. The team is intact, thoroly seasoned, highly confident, and efficient in every respect. The pitching staff, which did such effective work last season is on edge again this year.

In the national league the Giants are still supreme, tho they will find stiff opposition in the west. McGraw's team has not been weakened, though Herzog and Robertson are missing. Ross Young is more than filling Robertson's shoes, while Doyle and Barnes have added strength to the club. If the Giants can hold the players now wearing uniforms they will lead the field in October. The Red Sox is the only club liable to give Chicago a desperate fight for the American league pennant, according to the present outlook.

Detroit is to be next in line. The Tiger lack pitching strength, but there is no denying the driving power and defensive ability of the club as a whole. Cleveland and New York should fight hard for the remaining first berths. The Indians have been hit hard by the draft and enlistments. [illegible] the most out of his [illegible] still [illegible] strong team. The Yankees, under Miller Huggins, are on their toes. St. Louis, Washington and Philadelphia are doomed for the second division, with the Browns showing best on paper.

The Cubs, Reds, and Cardinals are the leading opponents of the Giants. Chicago has acquired pitching strength equal to that of the Giants and will [illegible] for first place. [illegible] loss of Fred Toney, the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Braves [illegible]

HUN AIRPLANES AGAIN HIT PARIS

(International News Service)

PARIS, APRIL 15.—The strength of the air defenses of Paris was never better demonstrated than last night when German airplanes attempted to raid the city. Only two machines succeeded in breaking through to the Paris district. Their bombs killed 11 persons and injured about fifty but no damage of military importance was done. The other machines were driven off.

Letters from the BOYS

The following letter is from Walter Davis, 116th Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis, of route 4.

[illegible] France,
March 17, 1918.

Dear Mother and Folks—

I will drop you a few lines to let you know that I am here and all o. k. Hope this finds you all the same.

It sure is a great place here, the about 200 years behind old U. S. A. The railroad engines here have cylinders and valve gears between the wheels, and the brakeman, conductor and engineer have a little fish horn to toot instead of using the hand signals. It sure is some system at that.

The box cars are about 18 feet long. One thing they do have is a good road bed, mostly cobbly stone.

The weather here is rather moderate. I think the season is about two months earlier than in the U. S. The green onions are out here, and oats are up. This is sure some beautiful country. The farms and fences are all good.

I didn't get sea sick all the way over. Burean, my pal, got a little sick. The water was pretty rough in places to what the Muskingum river is.

The boys are allowed to buy beer and light wine here. We have to unravel grass rope for our bunks. Uncle Sam feeds us pretty well here too, that is, they have plenty of wheat. We haven't had much hard tack yet. The French loaf of bread is about a yard long and I think it is mostly made of whole wheat flour.

Wish you could see some of the American boys talking to the French with their hands.

Well folks, it is getting rather dark, and I must close. Hoping to hear from you soon.

Your son,
Walter.

The following letter was received by Fred Johnson Hay avenue, from Charles Prindle:

Vancouver, Wash.
April 8, 1918.

Hello Old Slacker:

I am off duty for a while and thot that I would answer that beautiful letter that you didn't send me.

I am having a good time here, I like it better than back home. They are shooting so much medicine and dope into us that we are regular walking drug stores. Up to date have one typhoid shot in my left arm, two more in my right and two smallpox vaccinations. Nine shots in the mouth and nose for spinal miningitis, and they are going to shoot us again in the spine, and run a bamboo fishpole about six inches up our nose. There is a piece of cotton on the end of it. This is twisted around until they draw blood and then pull it out and if they find any spinal meningitis germs on it they give them chloroform and cut their heads off. (I mean the germs not us). There is a good hospital here and a bunch of bonehead doctors. If you come down here with a sore foot they give you two pills and put you in isolation. They are dying here like flies in winter time. They have thirty or forty cases of spinal miningitis and lost them all but two and they will be crippled for life.

Pneumonia is also taking a lot of the boys. And they all blame it on their local draft boards for telling them to wear their old clothes and shoes, some of them have been here for five or more weeks running around in old shoes with their feet out, and raining all the time, with mud four to five inches thick. No overcoats on or anything to keep them warm.

Don't think I am lying for I am not just because the rest of the fellows don't say anything about it in their letters is no sign that I am lying. As for me I don't care. I have a good constitution and stomach. I can eat any of their old truck and be hiled up. You ought to see me in my uniform. I look like a dead game sport with my winchester rifle on my shoulder, and my six foot overcoat draggin' in the mud behind me.

We have been guarding saw mills and lumber camps. Watching to see that the I. W. W.'s don't burn or [illegible] [illegible] don't guard against and [illegible] girls. Portland is only six miles away. [illegible] away from Saturday noon until Monday morning at [illegible] go [illegible] C. A. on Sunday morning and go on automobile with wealthy families who live along the Columbia [illegible] Take dinner with them and have a good time.

I wish that you would show this to [illegible] Coshocton workers and tell them that Coshocton county boys need their help [illegible] sending their [illegible] other places.

I expect to be in France in five or six months. Want you to answer at once for I may leave in three weeks or more. Tell them all to write me and I will answer at once. Say hello to Jake and Peter for me, and tell Marie that I would enjoy that candy that she promised me. I expect it in two weeks.

Write and I will send some views of this place.

Private Charles Prindle.

The following letter was received by Mrs. O. C. Sprague of East Main street from her two sons, who are stationed at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Alabama.

Montgomery, Alabama,
April 8, 1918.

Dear mother and the rest at home: Glad to hear from you all. Your letter found us well and happy and hope this will find you all the same. Sorry to hear that father is sick. I suppose it is very lonesome for you, but don't worry mother, everyone is nice to us here and Roy said his people in the ship yards were good to him. I wish you were down here with a big truck. You sure could make money.

We just came in from a Red Cross meeting where we heard a splendid lecture on what the Red Cross is doing for the boys and the ones at home. I will send a paper to you if it is in it. I could tell you lots of good things we know but it takes lots of time.

It has been cold here a while, and there are many sand storms. You can not see anything at times. We came in at noon and there was a great pile in our bunks, so you can guess how much wind is here. It puts me in mind of Texas. We were out on gun range practising, but it was too windy to do much good and coming back we talked to a major in an air plane. He said he was going to Texas at one o'clock.

Mack is here and came in telling us some of the good times they showed him while home. I tell him it makes us home sick. You wanted to know if we are not going to get a furlough. We hope so but will have to wait our one the first of May. You will see turn, but we are going to try to get a movie picture of us, 35,000 strong marching thru Montgomery. It took us four and a half hours and sure was a lovely sight. If we come home we can tell you more about the air planes that were flying all over us the day we marched thru Montgomery, and dropping Third Liberty Loan circulars. We think that when there is help of this kind that we can render it is only helping us and we are glad to do it.

Must close with love for all.

Russell and Walter Sprague,
Co. A, 136 M. G. B.,
Montgomery, Alabama.

"DO YOUR BIT"

Have you thot of investing in this
third Liberty Loan?
And back up the boys that have left
their home,
They're doing their bit, now's the
time to do ours,
Don't wait till they're dead and then
send your flowers.

The boys have left home in this great
hour of strife,
To go fight for you, your children and
wife,
What have you done to show that
you're true?
To help back the boys and the Red,
White and Blue.

You may think it is funny, but take
it for me,
We're going to knock Hell out of old
Germany
We will knock at your door and if
your heart is not stone,
You will kick right in on this Liberty
Loan;

You may be a German, but we have
welcomed you here,
So don't be a piker, just come out
with no fear,
You couldn't pick your birth place,
but Americas your home,
Now come on and kick in on this Liberty Loan.

If you cannot do this yet you want to
be right,
Just boost this third loan with all of
your might,
Go speak to your friends as you call
at their home,
You may cause them to kick in on
this Liberty Loan.

"Do it now.
By S. B. Gallagher
Columbus, Ohio.

BALL HERE FOR TONIGHT'S RECITAL.

The announcement of the concert-lecture recital by Mr. Bentley Ball the noted baritone [illegible] the Central [illegible] [illegible] has created interest in musical and educational circles.

The subject is "The Songs of our Allies" and consists of the folk and national songs of Russia, Poland, Serbia, Italy, France, Belgium, Great Britain and America. A small admission will be charged for the purpose of purchasing further equipment for the [illegible] schools.

ELYRIA—Sandusky, Lorain, Elyria and Ottawa county commissioners have decided to erect a $15,000 tuberculosis hospital, either in Sandusky or

YOUNGSTOWN—Joe Zuckere serving a thirty day sentence in the county jail here is to be returned to Sing Sing prison, New York, for violation of his parole.

Strive To Have Healthy Skin



Next time you are in a gathering of women note the different conditions apparent in complexion. You will see some filled with blackheads, some dry and rough, some smooth and greasy, some smeared with rouge, some streaked with heavy metallic powders and once in a while you will see one that is a demonstration of intelligence from every point of view. The color is rosy, the skin is clear and smooth, the pores [illegible] not show on the firm vigorous skin. Every woman can have a good complexion if she will only use a little discretion. If you would acquire real beauty, the beauty of perfect health, you must replenish your worn-out nerves with lecithin, Nature's own nerve restorer, and put into your blood the invigorating iron which Nature intended it to have for health. In most of the modern foods these and other vitalizing elements have been largely eliminated. Yet to be healthy and beautiful the system must have them. They are found in Bio-feren, not only in proper proportions to restore weakened vitality but in such form as the system can best assimilate them.

A treatment of lecithin and iron peptonate as combined in Bio-feren increases the appetite, aids nutrition and invigorates the patient.

And Bio-feren in its pellet form is easy and palatable to take—no liquid iron discoloration of the teeth, no unpleasant taste.

There is no secret or mystery about Bio-feren. Doctors prescribe it regularly because they know exactly what it contains as well as what it will do and they know they could not formulate a better upbuilding tonic.

The action of Bio-feren on the system is so beneficial we are so sure of its giving you positive health and vigor, providing, of course, there is no serious, chronic ailment such as cancer, tuberculosis, etc., that we only sell it on the condition that you agree to return the empty package and accept a refund of your money unless you are entirely satisfied.

There is no use waiting for health and beauty. It is better to do things today than tomorrow. Go to your physician today—right now—he will advise Bio-feren. Then start taking it at once as he advises or as directions on the package call for. The guarantee protects your money. Interesting booklet may be had for the asking.

Large package $1.00 at all leading druggists or direct if your druggist can not supply you. The Sentanel Remedies Co. Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio.

RELIEF BILL TAKES CARE OF THE ABSENT SOLDIER'S BUSINESS

The Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act, recently passed by Congress, aims to protect soldiers and sailors from undue hardship, due to their inability to bring or defend lawsuits and to attend to their business obligations or property rights, during their absence in military service.

A soldier or sailor may owe money on a note. Or he may have bought or leased land or tools or furniture on which an installment is yet due. Or he may have mortgaged his home, and be liable to foreclosure for non-payment. Or he may have carried life insurance for several years and now be unable to keep up the premium payments. Or he may have a money claim against some one, and during his absence the lapse of time raises a legal bar against his suing for it when he returns. Or he may be sued on some claim in his absence and may be unable to defend the suit effectively while absent.

In these and other ways he may suffer undue hardship. The object of this Act is to give relief from such hardship.

The provisions of the act are too numerous to set forth accurately here. Enough to point out that its main principle is as follows:

(1) Let some one, on behalf of the soldier or sailor, notify the court that the party concerned is a soldier or sailor. Then the court will make prompt inquiries into the merits of the case, if the case merits it, the court has power to stay the other party from further proceedings, or to give other remedy that may be appropriate. The court may also appoint an attorney to represent the soldier or sailor in the lawsuit.

(2) If a lawsuit has been begun already in some court against the soldier or sailor, go to that same court and give the notice above mentioned. If no lawsuit has yet been begun, but some landlord or other person is preparing to sell out or to take possession of property in which the soldier or sailor is interested, go to the court in whose jurisdiction the property is, notify the court as above, and ask the court to summon the other party. All such persons are forbidden by law to take property in that way without applying to the court for an order, but some person may attempt to take possession without doing so in ignorance of the new law.

(3) If the soldier or sailor had an insurance policy or a fraternal benefit membership before September 1, 1917, and fears that he may not be able to keep up his payments, he should write to the War Risk Insurance Bureau at Washington, and ask them for a form of application for a [illegible] post adjutant at the camp. The Government on certain conditions will guarantee the payment of the premiums so that the policy or membership will not be forfeited during the soldier's or sailor's absence; he will then have a year after his return in which to pay up and save his policy or membership. This relief does not apply to all policies or memberships, and details can not be given here; but on filling out the application and sending it to the War Risk Insurance Bureau it will be duly taken care of, if it is the kind of insurance that is protected by this Act.

The Bureau of Civilian Relief of the American Red Cross, thru its various chapter committees, has been asked to furnish information and render such assistance, as is found necessary, to all persons requiring such service as provided by this law.

The Civilian Relief Committee of the Coshocton County Red Cross Chapter will gladly and promptly serve all persons who may find it necessary to avail this legal protection.

This committee of the local Red Cross chapter will also furnish information to families who have difficulty in the matter of letters failing to reach the men in the service. Already this work of the Civilian Relief Committee is widely extended. The committee will give information advising how mail should be addressed to soldiers and sailors; how information may be obtained of those sick, wounded, captured or missing; what the War Risk Insurance law means and how to take advantage of its provisions.

The Civilian Relief Committee is ready at alltimes to give information, advice and assistance where perplexing questions, or conditions may arise, because of the husband, son, or brother having entered some branch of the army or navy.

The office of the committee is open every day, except Sunday, from 9 to 11 o'clock in the forenoon and from 1 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Location No. 111 South Furth street, Coshocton National Bank building.

STETTINIUS HEAD OF AIR CRAFT BD.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.—Edwin R. Stettinius, assistant secretary of war, probably will head the new air craft board when the Snowden-Marshall report is made to President Wilson, it was stated in administration circles today.

The report is expected today. It will recommend a reorganized aircraft board to [illegible] in the carrying out [illegible] program and Stettinius [illegible] exactly the man to direct the work. The position of the chairman of the present board, Howard E. Coffin, in the new organization [illegible]

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DEAR LAND VERSUS CHEAP HUMANITY

At Point Vincente on the California coast, is a dangerous head land, where only lucky accidents have averted serious shipwrecks. Some time ago Congress appropriated $80,000 to build a lighthouse on the point and to acquire the right of way to connect it with a public road.

The land over which this right of way was to be had belongs to a corporation called The Palos Verdes Syndicate, which asked more for it than the appropriation amounted to. The government began condemnation proceedings, but the courts seem to favor the land-speculating syndicate, for tho no decision has been announced, Secretary of Commere Redfield has declared that the building of the lighthouse must be indefinitely postponed.

The syndicate is willing enough that the government should take the land but it wants $650,000 for it. It explains this price by claiming that the noise made by the fog siren, with which the lighthouse was to be equipped, would depreciate the value of other land it owns in the neighborhood. From which is to be inferred that land values in that neighborhood are more sacred than the safety of human beings who must pass it on the sea.

This is but one example of many by which land speculators stand in the way of the public good. But the Palos Verdes Syndicate is not to be blamed. It is taking advantage of conditions which Congress, the California Legislature and the people of the state have all refused to interfere with.

Less than two years ago the voters of California rejected a measure that would have put an end to the speculating activities of the Palos Verdes Syndicate, and of similar concerns. Congress also has refused to take action on any of the bills for federal taxation of land values, so that the Palos Verdes Syndicate is justified in assuming that our lawmakers want it to exact all the unearned profits it can get.

In the meantime, ocean travelers in that neighborhood must take their chances, and should disaster befall them, it may comfort them to learn that this could not have been prevented without interfering with the sacred right of a land-monopolizing syndicate to gather in unearned increment.

CHEATING THE GERMANS

A German writer on commercial and economic topics, named Heinz Pothoff, in an article in Die Hilfe, deplores the great decline in commercial morality and fair-dealing in the German Empire since the war began.

Herr Pothoff is quoted as saying that profiteering is rampant, that the quality of merchandise is almost never what it is represented to be, that bribery is resorted to in the sale of goods, and that every German business man seems out to cheat his neighbor.

Commenting on this severe indictment, a New York hardware man says the only new thing about the situation is that the German business men are now cheating Germans instead of foreigners. Men in his line of business have known for years, he declares, that German-made goods could not be bot on mere representation. He gives instance after instance of German articles of hardware for which the manufacturers obtained a market in America thru the excellence of their original product, but which sadly deteriorated in quality as soon as a demand had been created.

The same immoral method has not been entirely unknown to American business, altho it is so rare among us as to attract special attention when it does occur. The hardware man quoted insists that this has long represented the established policy of German big business in its foreign conquests.

Being forcibly restrained by the allied embargo from preying upon the rest of mankind, the subsidized German corporations are now preying upon the German people themselves. If the indictment is true, this looks like another infliction of poetic judgment on Germany.

THE SAME OLD TEUTONS

A high school boy who has been studying Caesar's Commentaries points out some interesting parallels between the German of 2,000 years ago and their descendants of today. Caesar had much the same experiences with them that the Allies have had. The German king Ariovistus reminds one surprisingly of Kaiser Wilhelm.

The Germans had invaded Gaul (now France) and the Gauls had asked the Romans for help as France asked England in 1914. Caesar decided to do what he could for his Gallic friends, because the German king "had assumed such haughty airs, such arrogance, that he was intolerable." So he went to see him, with an escort of trusted legionaries.

Ariovistus insisted that he had not made war upon the Gauls, but they against him; that all the Gallic states had united to attack him, and that as to his having brot a multitude of Germans into Gaul, it was for defense, not to attack the country. All of which was as big a lie as the self-defense talk the world has lately heard from Germany.

Caesar wasn't at all impressed. Thereupon Ariovistus proceeded to violate the truce, held sacred by all barbarians except the Germans, and attacked Caesar. The latter withdrew safely, and after considerable more experience of German treachery, brot up his army and drove the Germans back across the Rhine.

One of the many illuminating parallels found in that ancient book is a reference to the German penchant for destruction. Writing of one of the leading German tribes, he said:

> "From a national point of view they deem it a credit to devastate the widest possible area of territory outside their borders; they consider that by this is signified the great number of states which are unable to resist their power."

Just compare that statement with this boastful utterance from a Berlin newspaper, written after Hindenburg's "victorious retreat" of last year:

> "Great stretches of French territory have been transformed by us into a dead country. It varies in width from ten to twelve or fifteen kilometers, and extends along the whole of our new positions, presenting a terrible barrier of desolation to any foe hardy enough to advance against our lines. No village or farm was left standing on this glacis, no road was left passable, no railway track or embankment was left in existence. Where once were woods there are gaunt rows of stumps; the wells have been blown up; wires, cables, and pipe lines destroyed. In front of our new position runs, like a gigantic ribbon, a realm of death."

It is thus that Germany has done over and over again, in her periodic marauding expeditions against France, Italy, Spain and other European neighbors. It's the same old barbarism, only made more menacing in our time by greater capacity for destruction.

"To Err Is Human" : : By WALT MASON

I've made a million sad mistakes, I've made a million, ghastly breaks. If all my bad breaks were in view of friends and neighbors who know how many bad breaks I have scored they'd feel they couldn't well afford to have me on their calling list; and I'd go to the dump, I wist. When some poor delegate falls down, and puts a crimp in his renown, the wise boys, ever more on guard, come down upon him pretty hard. They hang around the marketplace and say his conduct's a disgrace. A mighty impulse then I feel to stand among such groups and spiel, and hand out shining texts and saws, and stand up strong for virtue's cause. But, thank the gods, before I start, I always feel a change of heart. I get to thinking of my sins and errors, which are mostly twins. And I recall my vagrant ways: how I jumped town between two days, the sheriff half a rood behind; how I swiped pennies from the blind; how I was pinched for stealing hens—and then I put away the lens that I have used to magnify the frightful deeds of t'other guy. I don't believe that any gent has all the virtues in him blent to such a marvelous degree that he should feel quite prompt and free to take the hide from erring jay who's wandered from the narrow way.

New York Day-By-Day

By O. O. McINTYRE

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15.—As Samuel Papys would record in his diary: Up betimes and with my wife to take the ayre, it being warm and pleasant, and on the street a fellow did tell me of Ralph Smith, of the Herald, being lost in an aeroplane over the German lines which made me sad. A bright, capable young man who bade me farewell only a short time since and he leaves a young bride of only a few months.

By tram to a fine country house a Tokeneke which I am thinking of renting for a short spell this summer and it has a brave big yard which will be fine for my dog and a tennis court and a wide veranda near the ocean and talked with my wife how we lived so happily in one room in Cincinati for which I ought for ever to love and admire her, and do; and persuade myself she would do the same thing again, if circumstances should reduce us to it.

Back and to a little inn down a cellar way where we had cheesecake and bakers of fresh milk and strawberry pasties, very fine, albeit a mopish, besotted fellow at the next table kept talking to himself about how he would kill a certain rogue for stealing the love of a mayde. And came a constable who told of a fellow who did lamely fling himself into the Hudson and we went to see but the hospital waggon had carted him to the infirmary.

Home where I fell to reading "Damn" by the satirical Mr. Mencken who I hold in high favour and he asks what could be greater humour than life itself and then points out how John Millington Synge wrote "Riders to Sea" on a second hand typewriter and Herbert Spencer sang bass in a barber shop quartette and William Shakespeare bot himself a bogus coat of arms.

In the late afternoon for a walk thru the town and stopped at a musty antique shop run by an odd fellow who showed no interest in making sales, but was intent on playing solitaire. And on the highway I saw Sir Howard Chandler Christy, the artist, and Sir C. F. Brunard the publisher, Lord Mayor Hylan and Mr. Stone the play actor.

Much talk of a gay boulevardier who was in his cups and went to a playhouse and made so much noyse that he was ejected by force and outside he sat on the curb and wept and his wife's mother came along and saw him. Home all the evening reading and casting my accounts and late came some callers very uninteresting, and we talked of this and that innanely and so to bed.

Many years ago he was a prosperous painter. He is very old now and has failed to keep pace with the younger artistic world. Lack of employment has driven him to dire poverty. He was discovered living in a hovel in New Jersey. His pride prevented any charitable aid.

A group of artists who knew him in the heyday of his career held a meeting the other night. A large sized sum was raised. The next day a representative posing as a buyer called on the artist and gave him a commission to do a picture.

When he completes it, the sum that was raised will be given to him so he can live in comfort the rest of his life. The picture will be put in a storehouse.

The newest thing in sanitary barber shops has just been opened in New York. There are 50 chairs in the place which is of white marble and mirrors. Every barber in the shop cleanses his hands in an antiseptic solution before serving a customer. He will use a sterilized lather brush from a sanitary envelope. He will sprinkle fresh powder on the lather brush. The razor will be sterilized in boiling water after stropping. The towels are also in sanitary envelopes and so are the combs and brushes. Afterward the customer will pay the cashier with money probably all gummed up with sundry germs.

Fifteen Years Ago Today

J. M. Kissner was awarded the contract for the paving of Bridge street with Metropolitan block at $2.262.48.

William T. Teal, who resides back of Roscoe, was gored to insensibility while feeding cattle on his farm today.

Local capital is interested in a $50,000 enameling plant that may be erected in this city the coming summer.

"Peanut" the pet dog of Torrens Stewart went suddenly mad Sunday after being bit by another dog.

Melvine Jones, 21, farmer, Knox county and Ina Rine, 18, Perry township were issued a marriage license at the court house this morning.

County Surveyor Moore was in Adams Mills this week laying out an addition to the cemetery.

John Baumgardner, has moved his family to 772 North Fourth street from Maple street.

William M. Compton, who formerly conducted a saloon in this city, has been committed to the insane asylum for the second time.

Down To Earth

"When does the next Douglas Fairbanks picture appear?" This is one of the most persistent inquiries with which Manager Herbig of the Mystic theatre is confronted daily. Since the athletic local favorite formed his own company and began releasing his pictures through Arteraft the sensation of success of "In Again—Out Again" and "Wild and Woolly" has more than ever brot him to the foreground as the ideal American and the nation's favorite comedian. "Down to Earth," his newest Arteraft offering recently engaged for presentation at the Mystic theatre, will be shown there Monday and Tuesday and that this production will more than satisfy the countless admirers of this inimitable actor, is assured.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

CROUP

Spasmodic croup is usually relieved with one application of—

"Keep a Little Body-Guard in Your Home"

VICK'S VAPORUB

25c—50c—$1.00

PEOPLE'S FORUM

SAYS MISTAKE WAS MADE

Editor The Tribune:

A terrible mistake was made recently in this city by a crowd of men and boys who took the law into their own hands and attempted to set up standards of loyalty and disloyalty. Because a man may be of German birth or parentage is not in itself proof of his disloyalty to America. I feel that our better citizens realize that a gross injustice was done more than one family of German origin on those two nights.

I would appreciate it if you would print in your columns the following article which appeared in a loyal German paper published in Cleveland at the beginning of the third Liberty Loan drive. In this article is expressed the sentiment of the overwhelming majority of Germans in America. The article is as follows:

Again the Liberty Bell rings thruout our country, again the Government appeals to the devoted patriotism of all its citizens.

In calling upon our fellow citizens of German extraction with an urgent request to participate in the Third Liberty Loan with all their will and possible means, we not only remind them of a self-evident duty, but point to the well-known German faithfulness, which always proved its value in times of great need, and the obligation of gratitude towards the land of their choice, the place of their business, the home of their children.

First of all, this appeal goes forth because a great participation of our fellow-citizens of German descent, men as well as women, in this loan would be the best and most effective means of destroying once for all suspicious which have been incessantly cast on citizens of German blood by irresponsible persons.

No man of sound mind can or will expect that we should deny our blood relations. If we did so, we would be inferior American citizens.

Feeling ourselves as rightful members of the great American nation and most emphatically refusing a mere tolerance, it therefore is our duty to do our share even more conscientiously than ever. This has heretofore been done in a full measure, and has been freely acknowledged by the Federal Government, in spite of professional instigators who would try to characterize that part of our population which is proud of their German forefathers as being an annoying and disturbing foreign element.

Right here there is a chance to hold one's own against all hatred and ignorance, in removing any existing doubts by cheerfully contributing to the War Loan. Then even the most obstinate slanderers will have to bow to the facts seeing that their fellow-citizens of German extraction bear their well-measured share of the war burden.

Citizenship is inextricably connected with the duties of a citizen. There is no higher duty for a citizen of an adopted country than to give to the county of his free choice, which has become his second home, his full and loyal support in times of danger, especially in times of war. This undeniable fact is being realized by Americans of German blood, upon whose shield of honor the word "Faithfulness" is written in shining letters from times immemorial.

Every one of us stands or falls with the nation which he has become a part of by the acquisition of citizenship. Its welfare exercises a favorable effect upon our business or vocational existence, while its adversity on the other hand, would impair our own personal welfare.

Well may we deplore the fact that our new home, the country of our children, is at war with the land of our birth, and fervently pray for the earliest restitution of peace between the two countries. The fact remains that we are at war. And this unrelenting fact makes the loyal support of the country of our adoption a sacred duty.

It may be added that a financial risk is not connected with this duty. The money paid for a Liberty Bond is as securely and profitably invested as it is possible. The loan pays 4¼ per cent. interest, more than a savings bank investment returns, and Uncle Sam guarantees capital and interest with all his unmeasurable resources.

The government expects that not only the individual, but also corporations and societies, to which the individual belongs, participate in the campaign for the Third Liberty Loan. In a circular letter Secretary McAdoo directly addresses clubs, lodges and congregations of foreign born citizens and asks them to create special organizations for the promotion of the Loan. Liberty Loan clubs which as well take care of contributions of the individuals as insist that the organization itself invest a part of its assets in Liberty Bonds. This request should especially appeal to German-American societies.

There is no doubt that Liberty Bonds are the best and securest investment in existence. No panic, no future happening will deteriorate their value or render doubtful the payment of the interest. This fact should never be forgotten. Whatever may be the troubles and difficulties of the reconstruction period, whatever changes may occur in the civic and social and industrial life of the nation, the security of the bonds guaranteed by the whole national wealth of our country will never be affected.

One other matter should not be overlooked by the citizens of German extraction. In order to make possible an easy review of the sums contributed by them, all their subscriptions should be credited to the "German Language Division" of the local Loan Committee. The "Waechter & Anzeiger" is its authorized representative.

Let us work together to save our honor as full-fledged American citizens!

Henry Koelsch.

WHY WE MUST SAVE FOOD

Editor The Tribune:

Starvation! It is hard for the American people to grasp the full meaning of that word, for they have so rarely seen it except in pictures, in books written by missionaries or in the reports of the famines of India or China. But we must now realize that food shortage is the most appalling problem before the world today.

The fields of both allies and neutrals lack man power, fertilizer and machinery. Hence, the production of food by these countries has steadily lessened since the beginning of the war, while at the same time shortage of shipping has grown more and more serious, with the consequent steady increase of difficulties in bringing food from the far-away markets of India, Australia and Argentine.

The situation has become critical—there is not enough food in Europe, yet the soldiers of the allies must be maintained in full strength; their wives and families at home must not face famine; the friendly neutrals must not be starved; and finally, our own army in France must never lack a needed ounce of food.

There is just one way in which all these requirements can be met. North America must furnish the food! And we must furnish it from our savings, for we have already sent our normal surplus.

We do not need to starve our own people. We have plenty for ourselves and it is the firm policy of the Food Administration to retain for our people, by its control of exports, a sufficient supply of every essential foodstuff. They want nobody in our country to eat less than is necessary for good health and full strength, for America needs the full productive power of all its people. But the time has come to put aside all selfishness and disloyalty—the time has come for sacrifice!

The allies ask us to meet only their absolutely imperative needs, and this we can do without harm, for we are today eating and wasting more food than we need.

The whole great problem of winning the war rests primarily on one thing—the loyalty and sacrifice of the American people in the matter of food saving. It is not a Government responsibility, but the responsibility of each individual. Each pound of food saved by each American citizen is a pound given to the support of our army the allies and the friendly neutrals and each pound wasted or eaten unnecessarily is a pound withheld from them. It is a direct, personal obligation on the part of each of us to some one in Europe whom we are bound to help.

If we are selfish or even careless, we are disloyal. We are the ENEMY AT HOME! Now is the hour of our testing—let us of Coshocton County make it the hour of our victory—Victory over ourselves and victory over the kaiser, the enemy of freedom!

In addition to saving food we must also raise more food, and if you have not already started your victory garden, do so at once.

Respectfully,

C. E. RANSOM, JR.

County Merchant Representative

United States Food Administration

NO GERMAN SYMPATHIZER

Editor The Tribune and Times-Age:

I saw in your issue of April 2 that I was a victim of the big '400 round up." I want to say to my acquaintances and fellow citizens that is untruthful.

President Wilson in his message to the world says this is why we are at war with Germany. Because they take law into their own hands and take nations and people by brutal force who will not humbly submit to their will. So, as I can see it they are Prussians, the 400, and not American citizens.

They started out to round up whom they surmised, yes who the big 400 surmised, were pro-Germans. I want to say I have no living relatives in Germany or any interests. And any person who says I am in sympathy with the German war machine is a liar.

I am in sympathy with all the down trodden people in the world.

The lord Jesus Christ came to this world because there was no sympathy for the poor and downtrodden people. He found a great church organization. But when he came to them with the truth, they knew nothing of it.

The church put him on trial and could not find anything against him. Then they brot in false witnesses and found him guilty and he was taken by a mob and put to death.

We have the testimony of some of the victims of the Big 400 and plainly see that there was no grounds for surmising, but that they wanted to get revenge, because they thot they had the government ax over their victims' heads.

They hed better get in line with the government first themselves and get the beam out of their own eye first then they can more clearly see the moat in their brother's eye.

I have lived in this country all my life and spent most of my useful days in the interest of humanity. Twenty-six years ago I began my campaign on the saloons at Warsaw. I had all the saloon keepers in the Coshocton jail at one time, five of them. When they came back to Warsaw they threatened me with mob violence. They notified me by mail, giving me just ten days to get out of the country or they would hang me.

I stayed there twenty years after that and left the town bone dry with some of the saloon keepers my best friends. If I was living at Warsaw today I would not need a flag to indicate my loyality to God or man.

In conclusion I want to say it means something to a man who has spent his money and sacrificed his home comforts in the interest of humanity to be called a traitor to his country, by a class of men who are directly responsible for bringing back these home and sound wrecking institutions in Coshocton.

I believe the world is in its last stage of insanity. This is the beginning of much sorrow and to good people should use all their efforts to keep peace at home.

We read in God's word that a house divided within itself cannot stand. Now I want to say in conclusion if any one doubts my loyalty I am not hard to find. Also I will come to town at any time to discuss the matter with the Big 400.

Yours for loyalty,

Joshua Kuhn,

Clowville, O.

The Jollier

The war has simplified the language of diplomacy until it's almost understandable. Clemenceau says Count Czernin lies.

Kaiser Bill is planning what he will do when the war is over. He needn't bother, the allies have it all mapped out.

Bill has been talking to Emperor Charles at Vienna about the "great tasks that still await us." He said something then.

Ohio's wheat crop this year will exceed that of last year by four million bushels. Men and money are also growing more plentiful.

A man's wife could help him make up a list of his faults.

John Barleycorn is about the only friend a man has who will get down in the ditch with him.

Some of the Liberty loan solicitors got a birdseye view of the county going over the top. They've been up in the air for a week.

If one could get credit for his good intentions, his record would make a better showing.

Some men deserve a lot more credit than others for keeping out of jail.

If pork continues to go up the proverbial pearls will be cast before their superiors.

The fellow who missed his train by a second knows that it does no good to watch it around the bend but he has nothing else to do.

U. S. soldiers should sing under fire, says an officer. Why limit to soldiers?

New Spring Styles

Arriving Every Day. See our big assortment of the latest in Men's and Women's Shoes.

CARTON'S

"None But Good Shoes"

Of Interest To Women

Society **Clubs**

Call Bell 205; Citz. 550

Go to Housekeeping.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Johnson (Helen Temple) have rented a part of the house on Poplar street owned by Miss Jessa Ayres and have gone to housekeeping.

Returns to Camp Sheridan

Sgt. Ward Sawvel, 112th Ammunition Train, left for Camp Sheridan, Ala., Sunday after spending a nine days' furlough at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Sawvel, on Chestnut street.

Join the Y. W. C. O.

From Canton

Carl F. Klein, of Canton, spent Sunday in this city as the guest of his father, George Klein, of Walnut street.

Returns to Camp Sherman.

Lieut. Eugene Lynde returned to Camp Sherman Sunday after spending a short furlough at his home in this city.

For Electrical Work of all kinds call C. A. Brode, Seidel Building.

From Columbus.

Dr. R. M. Temple, and Mrs. Jesse Ayres, of Columbus, motored to this city and spent Sunday as the guests of their respective parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Temple, of Vine street, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lamberson, of Main street.

Miss Ruth Lamberson, of Main street, and Miss Ellen Hinig, of North Sixth street, accompanied Dr. Temple and Mrs. Ayres to Columbus Sunday evening, and returned to Coshocton Monday.

From Camp Sherman.

Harry Cohen and John Ball, of the Third Officers' Training Camp, Sherman Mullett, Berle Whitacre and George Haight, 308th Engineers, all of Camp Sherman, spent Sunday at their homes in this city.

Sherman Mullett was called here on account of the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. John Mullett, of Hamilton avenue, who recently suffered a nervous collapse.

Join the Y. W. C. O.

Returns to Ohio State.

Miss Zulu Marshall returned to Columbus Sunday, where she is a senior at Ohio State university, after spending a few days at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Marshall, on Main street.

Return Home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Teter returned to their home on Poplar street, Thursday after spending a part of the winter in Ocala, Florida. They visited in Tennessee and Indiana on their way home.

From Chicago.

Miss Sadie Kirk, of Chicago has accepted a position at Hissong's. Miss Kirk was employed at Hissong's for several years before leaving this city.

To Columbus.

Mrs. O. B. Roadruck, of Kenilworth avenue will spend Tuesday in Columbus.

Junior Woman's Club Will Meet.

The Junior Woman's club will meet this evening at the library. Mrs. Charles Ransom will give, "South America In The War" and "Art and Letters in South America" will be given by Mrs. Harry Hunt.

Woman's Club Will Meet.

At the meeting of the Coshocton Woman's club which was held Monday afternoon at the library, roll call was responded to with a favorite poem. Mrs. A. F. Wolfe read Albert Bigelow Payne's "Life of Mark Twain" and Mrs. H. R. McCurdy read Mrs. George Mau's paper on, "Cotton And It's By Products."

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The members of the Roscoe W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Akeroyd, Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock.

Blair-Hosfelt Marriage.

Rev. A. B. Williams officiated at the marriage of Miss Bertha Blair and Rugan Hosfelt, both of this city, which took place at the Methodist Protestant parsonage Saturday evening at eight o'clock. The couple expect to make their home in this city.

Join the Y. W. C. O.

Birthday Party.

Miss Florence Begley was the honored guest at a birthday party given at her home on Pine street, Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Begley assisted by Mrs. Frank Burton served a two course lunch late in the afternoon. Those who enjoyed the affair were: Misses Catherine Mahoney, Mary Courtright, Mary Siegrist, Sara Battestin, Lillis Heisser, Helen Heisser, Susan Gorman, Leone Urban, Marie Hoagland, Mary Begley, Anna Begley and Helen Courtright.

Club Will Meet.

The members of the Neighborhood knitting club will meet at the home of Mrs. Harry Turner on Cambridge street, Monday evening.

Ladies' Aid Meeting.

The members of the Canal Lewisville Ladies' Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. M. S. Sinden, Thursday afternoon at one o'clock.

In Fresno.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Walker of South Seventh street spent Sunday at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Walker in Fresno.

Missionary Meeting.

Following is the program which will be given at the meeting of the Woman's Foreign missionary society of the Branch M. E. church held at the home of Mrs. Hebron Meek, Wednesday April 25th:

Song
Prayer
Scripture
Song
Reading ..... Mrs. Sprouls
Duet .... Mrs. Veigle and Mrs. Wright
Recitations .....
Miss Esther Larr and Mrs. Jennie Daniels
Reading ..... Mrs. Marshall
Song
Five minute talk on "Missions" ....
..... Mrs. Landis
Minutes of the last meeting
Roll call responded to with scripture verses
Song

At Wisenburg Home.

Mrs. Robert McPeck and Mrs. George Persons, of Columbus, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Sarah Wisenburg, on North Sixth street.

Dinner Guests.

The following were dinner guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Turner, on North Ninth street, Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, of Plainfield; Mr. and Mrs. William Turner, Mrs. Rose Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Young and Mrs. Lloyd Strain.

Returns Home.

Mrs. Lloyd Strain has returned home from Montgomery, Ala., where she spent three weeks with her husband, of the 136th Machine Gun Battalion.

At Latham Home.

Frank Hednail, of the U. S. Navy and stationed at Brooklyn, N. Y., spent the week-end in this city as a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Latham on Eighth street.

From Camp Sherman.

Clifford Foster, of Camp Sherman, Chillicothe spent Sunday with relatives in this city.

Belvedere Club

DANCE

Tuesday Eve, April 16th

Red Men's Hall

THE HARMONY FOUR

Salt and Pepper Shakers

Clean and Sanitary

98c the pair

Moore & Meade

What Moore & Meade Say Is So



Perhaps if your head were as clear as a whistle, it would not ache—

Try Kondon's for your headache

(at no cost to you)

50,000,000 have used this 20-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, coughs, colds, sneezing, nose-bleed, etc. Write us for complimentary can, or buy tube at druggist's. It will benefit you *four* times more than it costs, or we pay money back. For trial can free write to KONDON MFG. CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

TOOK MEDICINE FOR SICK COW

Charles Miller, who resides near Warsaw took poison by mistake Saturday morning. Miller had a bottle of medicine made from roots and herbs added to a little whiskey which he had been taking and Saturday went to take some more when he accidently got hold of a bottle of medicine which he had been giving to a sick cow. The medicine contained poison but as soon as he had swallowed it he knew that he had made the mistake and hastened to the office of Dr. Hahn where he was given medical attention and taken to his home by the doctor. His condition was considered critical Saturday but he was reported to be getting along nicely Monday.

TRAINING

(Continued From Page 1)

cessful than some seasons of the past.

The American league starts today with the Yankees playing at Washington, and the Athletics at Boston, with the western teams on their toes for their openings. The eight national league teams are also ready, and the concensus of opinion among baseball critics voices a prediction that both pennant races will develop keen competition between at least three or four teams in each league tho the Giants and White Sox, last year's champions, are being generally picked to repeat this season.

The Giants arrived here early today from Lexington, Ky., to open their season at the Polo Grounds tomorrow against Brooklyn. Manager McGraw reported that with the exception of Benny Kauff, who hurt an ankle in the south all members of the team are in excellent condition. McGraw's men were scheduled to show themselves in a two-ply exhibition game against fast local semi-pro teams this afternoon.

ZEP FACTORIES, HIT BY ALLIED PLANES, BURNING

LONDON, APRIL 15.—Friedrichshafen, Germany where the Zeppelin factories are located, is in flames, according to a despatch from Geneva, printed in the Daily News today.

The foregoing despatch indicated that allied airmen may have bombed Friedrichshafen, setting it on fire. The town is about 125 miles from the western battle front.

LOAN DRAGGING IN SOME DIST'S

WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.—Subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan, upon which the initial deposits actually have been paid, now total $620,947,550 the treasury department announced today. These figures include 11 federal reserve districts, the Minneapolis report not yet having been received.

Treasury department officials were plainly disappointed with the total today which is an increase of only $67,000,000 over the amount announced Saturday. It was pointed out, however, that in previous campaigns the drive has invariably slowed up weekends and that there were still millions in outstanding pledges that have not yet been recorded.

CUSTER HEADS PRESBYTERIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL

M. D. Custer, of Locust street, was elected superintendent of the Presbyterian Sunday School, Sunday morning, to succeed E. A. Crawford, who has held the office for the last three years. Mr. Crawford's work as head of the Sunday school has been exceedingly good, and great progress has been made by the school under his direction.

The complete list of officers elected Sunday follows:

Superintendent.....M. D. Custer
Assistant Superintendent .....
.....Robert Dummermuth
Secretary .....L. M. Anderson
Treasurer .....Robert Salvage
Pianist .....Laura Denzer
Orchestra Director.....Henry Shepler
Chorister .....Joseph McCloy
Superintendent Intermediate Department .....S. J. Irwin
Superintendent Junior Department..
.....Mrs. Charles Dale
Superintendent Primary Department
.....Helen Brown

PASTOR LEASES A GREENHOUSE IN COSHOCTON

Rev. A. B. Williams, pastor of the local Methodist Protestant church, has decided to remain in the city of Coshocton. Altho compelled by throat trouble to retire from the active pastorate for a time, Mr. Williams will endeavor to finish out his year with the local church.

It became known today that Rev. Williams expects to go into business and has leased the Clary Greenhouses of this city and will move his family into the Clary home and take over the greenhouses and the business on the 15th day of June.

Mrs. E. J. Clary is retiring from the florist business until the return of her son Lawrence, from the army. After her son was drafted into service Mrs. Clary found the work very heavy and decided to lease her plant until the return of her son. Mrs. Clary and son William will dispose of their growing spring crop of plants and turn over the plant to Mr. Williams the middle of June.

The Clary greenhouses were recently rebuilt and are at present modern and up-to-date in every respect, a range of about 20,000 square ft. of glass. Rev. Williams is a florist by trade, a natural born artist and a keen student of flori-culture. He will stock the greenhouses and operate them at full capacity. The business will be continued under the name of the Clary Greenhouses.

"PUT" SANDLES TO SPEAK FOR NELLIE GRADS

Hon. A. P. Sandles, of Ottawa, will deliver the address at the Nellie High school commencement to be held Friday evening, April 26, in the school auditorium.

"Folks Up Willow Creek," a delightful play of rural life, will be given by the senior class next Friday night, in the high school auditorium.

The baccalaureate sermon will be preached on the evening of April 21 in the Nellie church.

The members of the graduating class are: Misses Leona Funk, Elsie Moore, May Workman, Retha Shorder and Donna Shorder; Glenn Guthrie, Dwight Hughes and Vernon Wise.

BRANFIELD IS FINISHING HIS DENTAL COURSE

Vancil Branfield, formerly a member of the Dental Corps, stationed at Camp Sheridan, Ala., has been granted a two year leave of absence from the army, and is now in Columbus, completing his course in the dental college of Ohio State university.

Branfield is a brother of John Branfield, of South Fourth street, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Branfield, formerly of this city and now of Alliance.

NEW LEXINGTON—Promise of the opening of a new oil field is seen in the striking of a 60-barrel oil well north of here.

BRAVE FAG-AN-BALLAGH FIGHTERS AND MANY OTHERS WHOSE IRISH VALOR IS CLEARING THE WAY IN FRANCE



There are no better fighting men in the British Army than the Irish troops. They have proved this in many a hard-fought battle. The Royal Irish Fusiliers are called Fagan-Ballagh boys, a Gaelic phrase indicating that they "clear the way." There are so many famous Irish regiments that all of them cannot be named here. Among the best are the Munster Fusiliers, the Royal Innoskilling Fusiliers, the Irish Guards, the Dublin Fusiliers, the Royal Irish Regiment, the Royal Irish Rifles and the Connaught Rangers, with whom Brigadier General W. A. White of the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission saw strenuous service in South Africa.

These splendid soldiers come from both the north and south of Ireland. One of the first heroes of the present war was Private Michael O'Leary, who single-handed attacked and killed an incredible number of the enemy and won the Victoria Cross. O'Leary started his war service as a private in the Connaught Rangers, and he is now a captain. His whole career indicates that he does not know what the word fear means.

Another splendid fighting man who hails from Tipperary arrived in New York the other day to join the recruiting forces of the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission. His name is Captain Thomas F. MacMahon, of the Irish Guards, and he won the Military Cross in the Battle of the Somme. In September 1917 the Irish Guards saw very strenuous fighting in the Battle of the Somme. They carried all their objectives in their attack and then found themselves flanked by a nest of machine guns known as The Quadrilateral, and were subjected to a heavy fire from the rear.

"Finally," said Captain MacMahon, "a blooming tank rode over The Quadrilateral, smashing the wire entanglements, and the position was soon taken by the Irish Guards and another regiment. I got hit on the head by a piece of shell and was bowled over, but fortunately I had on one of the tin hats, as we call the steel helmets, and it broke the force of the blow.

There are thousands of Irishmen in the United States who can help win the war by volunteering now for one or another of the hard-hitting Irish regiments and share in "Irish valor," famous the world over.

COSHOCTON

(Continued From Page One)

has been made by Germany for forty years to build up a war machine with which she hoped eventually to dominate the world. The assassination of an Austrian prince down in Serbia served as a mere pretext, a spark to enkindle the mighty conflagration which still rages in western Europe. He said that while he was one of those who did not vote for President Wilson at either time he was a candidate, yet he believed that from the time Wilson called upon the United States to prepare for war the President has been right in every step he has taken and deserves the support of every true American. Mr. McCoy said he believed that but for the entrance into the war of America one year ago with her unlimited resources, Germany would have brought England to her knees, conquered France, then swept across to this continent, overrun Canada and invaded the United States. He quoted extracts from the speeches of General von Berhardi and from Ambassador Girard's book entitled "My Four Years in Germany" as proof of the intentions of the kaiser and the crown prince to ultimately get vengeance upon the United States and hold her to account for any action taken contrary to the wishes of the Imperial German government.

Mr. McCoy expressed his satisfaction over the loyalty which has been displayed in Coshocton county. He gave a brief synopsis of a play which he witnessed entitled "The Copperhead" in which the leading role was played by Lionel Barrimore. He used the story to emphasize the fact that our patriotism or lack of patriotism today will be reflected upon and held up to the scrutiny of the next generation. Your children and grandchildren will flush with pride or blush with shame in future years over your conduct in the great drama now being enacted.

Rev. T. J. McRae, who has been a captain in the U. S. service, made an equally eloquent address of acceptance. He said the citizens of Lafayette township do not claim any especial credit for having liberally subscribed for Liberty Bonds. He said this is a fine thing to do but that the giving up of our stalwart young men to go to the battle front is a far greater sacrifice. He pointed out that Lafayette township has already given some of her sons to the cause. He agreed with Mr. McCoy that this was in to determine whether Democracy or autocracy shall rule the world. He said it is more than this, it is to determine whether Christianity or barbarism shall win. Rev. McRae paid a beautiful tribute to the flag which has never been conquered "and which God helping never will be conquered."

H. A. Sieker, cashier of the West Lafayette bank, presided at the meeting, which opened with the singing of "America." Rev. Funkenstine delivered the invocation. Misses Hamilton and McMannamon sang a duet in a very beautiful manner. The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Merchant.

Immediately following the presentation ceremonies came the flag-raising over at the central corner about West Lafayette's Main street. A vast multitude of people, including twenty or more automobile loads from Coshocton, witnessed the ceremonies. Songs were sung by children of the public schools and six little girls proudly hoisted the flags. Galen Starr Ross, of Adrian, Mich., who is training the children for a public entertainment, gave short addresses at the church and at the flag-raising. He was in Washington a few days ago during the Liberty Bond celebration there when President Wilson subscribed for

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

NIGHT CLERK wanted at Hotel Clinton. No experience required.

NO. 2 OLIVER typewriter for sale; good as new, will sell for $25. Box 341 West Lafayette, O.

MAXWELL TOURING car for sale. Run 5000 miles. Repainted and in fine condition. Bargain if sold at once. W. H. Hagedorner, Buckhaven, Ohio.

Don't Plant Home Gardens Too Early; Haste Loses Food, Money And Seeds

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 15.—Home vegetable gardens are being planted prematurely in some communities in the northern part of the United States, according to advices to the United States Department of Agriculture. From Minnesota comes information that people are buying seed and planting them when there is still probability of freezing. This haste in planting, it is believed, results from ill considered gardening advice sent over the country by private agencies.

The Department of Agriculture urges that inexperienced gardeners make themselves absolutely sure of the safe planting dates. They should consult with others more experienced, should ascertain the probable frost-free date from the nearest station of the United States Weather Bureau, or should write to the gardening specialists of the department or their state colleges. Latitude is not a guide as the earliest safe date for one locality might be premature or even late for another on the same parallel.

Seed Should Be Saved.

In connection with the danger of early planting, the department's specialists point out that seed planted too early serves no useful purpose. Seed is scarce this year and there is use for every ounce of it, they say. The home gardener who plants too early loses not only his time, trouble, and money, but reduces the potential food stock of the nation.

Vegetables Grouped for Planting.

Garden crops are divided into four groups with respect to planting the seeds or setting out the plants.

Group 1 (may be planted two weeks before killing frost). Early cabbage plants from hotbed or seed box, radishes, collards, onion sets, early smooth peas, kale, early potatoes, turnips, and mustard.

Group 2 (may be planted about the date of the last killing frost). Beets, parsnips, carrots, lettuce, salsify, spinach, wrinkled peas, cauliflower plants, celery seed, parsley, sweet corn, and Chinese cabbage.

Group 3 (should be planted two weeks after last killing frost.) Snap beans, okra, and tomato plants.

Group 4 (can not be planted until ground is well warmed up, about a month after last hard frost). Lima beans, pepper plants, egg plant, cucumbers, melons, squash, and sweet potatoes.

$1,000 bond and four famous screen stars Douglas Fairbanks, Mary Pickford, Marie Dressler and Charlie Chaplin, took part in the bond selling. Mr. Ross gave a vivid picture of the stirring scenes in the nation's capital.

COSHOCTON—Superintendent of schools Bryant reports $10,295.25 worth of war savings and thrift stamps purchased by the 1,743 school children here, an average of $5.90 for each pupil.

Try a Tribune Want Ad.

Developing and Printing

We are now fully prepared to take care of your work.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

We give you 24-hour service.

Bert W. Klein

"THE RELIABLE JEWELER"

CINDERELLA TONIGHT Only

Margarita Fischer

in *"JILTED JANET"*

— Tuesday and Wednesday —

FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN and BEVERLY BAYNE in "Under Suspicion"

MYSTIC TONIGHT TUESDAY **DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in "Down To Earth"**

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THE CALL FROM THE TRENCHES

From the trenches, from the very front of the blood-soaked battle lines, the Spirit of Liberty is calling for HELP!

Men are needed and supplies are needed so that the Spirit of Liberty shall not be overcome.

Men are going forward in thousands—yes, in hundreds of thousands and millions.

Money is needed to help these men, to give them everything that will increase their chance to live through the awful struggle in which they are freely offering themselves on the altar of Liberty.

Is money also coming forward in thousands and millions? Are YOU doing your share to see that it is?

Your share is to buy LIBERTY BONDS and buy them immediately so that the Government will not be handicapped in the slightest degree in furnishing everything that is needed to uphold the Spirit of Liberty and to protect the men who are fighting in the trenches.

Of course you want to do your full share.

Therefore Buy Liberty Bonds

And Buy Them NOW

From Any Bank



THE AMERICAN ART WORKS

as a patriotic contribution
towards winning the war

Read for Profit CLASS ADS Use for Results

THE COSHOCTON TRIBUNE and Times-Age

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

CLASSIFIED RATES
Cash with Order.

Minimum charge 25 cents for maximum number of 25 words.

Three times (25 words or less) 25c (Additional words 1 cent each)

Six times (25 words or less)...50c (Additional words 2 cents each)

PHONE YOUR WANT ADS TO
Citizens—B-234.
Bell—143.

LOST AND FOUND

HUNTING CASE gold watch lost between Blissfield and Warsaw Reward if returned to Barney Land, Blissfield.

BUGGY RODE lost, red on one side and red and yellow on other, with lion's head in center, between Warsaw and Coshocton Saturday afternoon. J. C. Wright, Citz., 326 Warsaw

CUFFLINK lost, between Chestnut and South Tenth Sts. Leave at Tribune office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

HOUSEKEEPER, wanted by family of two. All modern conveniences to make work easy. Must be good cook. Hurley Ralston. Both phones 83.

TWO DINING room girls wanted and kitchen help. Good wages, short hours. Apply at once, Empress Restaurant.

MALE HELP WANTED

HOUSE PAINTERS wanted—Wages 50c to 60c per hour, 8 or 9 hr. day. Open shop. Write or call at Canton Builders' Exchange, Canton, Ohio.

ENGINEER wanted who understands operating gas engine. Compton-Price Co.

WANTED — Experienced Tire Builders. Midland Tire & Rubber Co.

WANTED — Man to sweep floors and do general porter work. Midland Tire & Rubber Co.

WANTED 25 men to work on Milo King's construction gang, working out of Canton; good wages. Apply at Wheeling Hill Station.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

POLAND CHINA sow and eight pigs 7 weeks old for sale. Weight 250 lbs. Melvin Barrett, Nellie, O. Phone 228.

LIGHT SPRING wagon for sale—Nearly new. Canopy top and two upholstered seats. A bargain. L. W. Snoots, W. Lafayette, O.

SEED POTATOES for sale—Irish cobbler, Early six weeks, Hustler, World Wonder, and Noreton Beauty. Trade seed from Ford Seed house. New York. Call Citizens phone, 6 rings on 918. W. H. Neldon, Warsaw Rt.

SOW AND SIX PIGS for sale, Durroc and Poland. Fresh cow and stack of hay. Virgil Barkelew, Coshocton R. D. 6.

TWO CALVES for sale—One a thoroughbred Durham; one thorobred Jersey. 1 ring on Bell 127 County J. A. Jennings, Coshocton Rt. 4.

MEAT REFRIGERATOR for sale—6 feet high. Ice capacity 2000 lbs. Inquire at Criterion Restaurant.

CHESTER WHITE pigs of both sex eligible to register, 6 to 8 weeks old for sale. Come at once or telephone Clarence Wolfe, Keene Ex., Rt 1.

SOW AND 6 PIGS for sale. Inquire of S. A. Norris, Coshocton Rt 1. Bell phone 112-5 R

FOR SALE—All kinds of dahlia, phlox, roses, hardy chrysanthemums, etc., at very reasonable prices. Also have some very rare plants. Jacob McQueen, Baltic, Ohio.

ONE GOOD COW for sale—Also 2 or 3 yearling calves Chas. V. Clark, Fresno, R. D. 2.

WANTED TO BUY

CASH FOR OLD FALSE TEETH—Don't mater if broken. I pay $2.00 to $15.00 per set, also cash for old gold, silver, platinum, dental gold and old gold jewelry. Will send cash by return mail and will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval at my price Mail to L. Mazer, 2007 S. 5th St., Phila., Pa.

WANTED to buy good fat butcher cattle. Highest market price paid George H. Gutting, Meat Market Both phones 488

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—87 acres underlaid with four foot vein coal. Four miles south east Coshocton, one mile from Warwick mines. C. D. Conley, West Lafayette, O., R. D No. 2.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK

100 S. C. W. LEGHORN baby chicks for sale and eyphers hovca $15.00 Hatch will be off April 15. Call Dan Meek.

EGGS FOR HATCHING. White Rock won 2 firsts, one second out of three entries in Coshocton; two firsts out of three entries at Lancaster. $2.00 a setting. J. T. Weston, Coshocton Route 4, Bell phone.

IF YOU want size and laying qualities in White Leghorns. We have the eggs. Also have six hens and one rooster for sale Glenn E. Smith and H. B. Smith, Citizens phone 377-C.

HOUSES FOR RENT

ADAMS STREET, for rent—Five room house. Inquire of W. S. Merrell.

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED to rent at once—Remington or Underwood typewriter. Must be in first class condition. Call Citz. phone B-518.

SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENTS

Eyes Examined
Glasses Fitted
For Careful Service
See
The BURNS OPTICAL CO.

DAY AND NIGHT TAXI SERVICE — Two closed cars. All calls answered promptly. Country trips reasonable. Bell phone 210, Citz. phone 547. McConnell Motor Car Co., Third St. Garage, Coshocton, O.

SPECIAL NOTICES

BEGINNING Sunday, April 14th, the Sunday noon service at The Park Hotel will be a la Carte. This is made necessary owing to the continued increase in the cost of operating and of materials

LECTURE IN KEENE

Subject, "The Heart of a Nation in the War." Pathos and humor by U. B. Love, Wednesday evening, April April 17th, 8:30 P. M. Admission, school above primary, 10c; adults 20c. Proceeds given to Red Cross society of Keene.

Also will be a speaker on the 3rd Liberty Loan

U. S. GOVERNMENT wants thousands of clerks at Washington, immediately for war preparatory work. $100 month. Quick increase. Men, women, 18 or over. 7 hour days. 30 days vacation. Easy clerical work. Common education sufficient. Your country needs you. Help her and live in Washington during these stirring war times. Write immediately for free list position open, Franklin Institute Dep't., 349 D., Rochester, N. Y.

NOTICE!
Men and Boys buy more Liberty Bonds with what you can save on your next pair of Shoes. From 50c to $1.00 a pair.
A. O. LOWER
Main Street.

AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES

ONE FORD delivery truck for sale—In A-1 condition. See W. M. Knoff, 722 John street, Coshocton, O.

AUTO TIRE REPAIR SHOP
Double Tread Puncture Proof Tires—we make them for your from your old ones. Don't throw away your worn tires or sell them for junk.
Brings us two tires, one rim-cut and one tread-worn, and we will rebuild and sew them into one tire that will be good for thousands of miles at a triffling cost.
All kinds of Tire Vulcanizing done.
WARNER HAY, Prop.
Second Door from Post Office

SUGNAL—Sales of war savings stamps in this village, which has a population of two dozen have reached $1,822.

ROOM AND BOARDING

TWO ROOMS fore rent—Furnished or unfurnished, upstairs, for light housekeeping. Modern improvements. Also outside building for sale. Call at 415 So. 5th St., or Citizens phone 188-B.

FOUR ROOM FLAT for rent on Walnut street. Give references. Citizen phone 385-B.

FOUR ROOMS for rent in Rodgers Bldg Call Bell phone 385.

Sugar the Most Common Sweet.

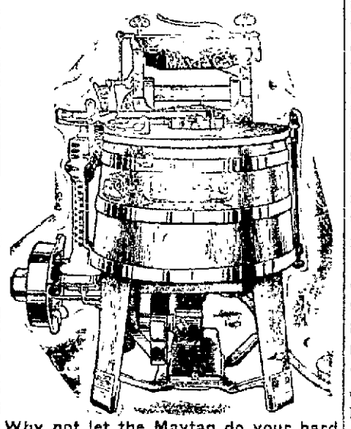
The world has a sweet tooth. It would be difficult to find individuals and probably impossible to find a people who do not like sweets. And of all sweets the most common is sugar, practically all of which is produced from the sugar cane and the beetroot, the beetroot being the source of somewhat more than half the supply. Sugar not only pleases the palate, but it helps to sustain the body, for though it is not sufficient itself, it forms a very useful component of foods, being easily soluble and assimilable.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS

WHEN YOU WANT A GOOD TOOL BUY A
KEEN KUTTER
KEEN KUTTER
We Have Them
BUTLER'S GROCERY,
Cooperdale, Ohio.

For
Hemstitching
Embroidery Supplies
Yarns
Crochet Cottons
Go to
The Artcraft Store
SELBY BUILDING

Have Your Eyes Examined Every Two Years.
By doing this and changing the lenses of your glasses, if examination proves it necessary, you will experience sight satisfaction to a ripe old age.
OTIS G. MORSE
OPTOMETRIST & OPTICIAN
COSHOCTON, OHIO
Citizen's Phone No. 835-A



Why not let the Maytag do your hard work?

It will do it in half of the time. It washes, rinses, wrengs by power, all at the same time.

Call Butler and Huff, Cooperdale, O., and they will bring yuo one.

Butler & Huff

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

SIX ROOM HOUSE for sale—Bath, gas and electric lights. Plenty of good fruit. Lot 50x150 on paved street; for one week only. Inquire 1115 East Main.

NINE ROOM HOUSE for sale—Bath, gas, electricity, hardwood floors, cement cellar, furnace, laundry, barn and chicken house, everything in fine condition. Inquire 325 McClain Ave

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Coshocton County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction upon the premises on the 9th. day of May at 2 o'clock P. M. the following described real estate, located in the County of Coshocton, State of Ohio, and in the Township of Bedford, and being the South Half of the East Half of the South-East Quarter, of Section 21, Tp. 5 and Range 8, estimated to contain 40 acres, and being the real estate belonging to the estate of D. W. Richcreek, deceased, also the following personal property, to-wit: one binder, one mower, and 18 head of sheep, terms of the personal property cash.

To be sold in case No. 7,710

Said real estate appraised at $1200 to be sold on the following terms: One-third cash on day of sale; one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the day of sale, deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises sold, or all in cash at the option of the purchaser.

H. E. WRIGHT,
Administrator.

Geo. D. Klein, Atty.
April 8, 15, 22, 29; May 6.

LEGAL NOTICE

In the Probate Court of Coshocton County, Ohio.
Albert Turner, Plaintiff
vs.
Emma Turner, Defendant.

The defendant will take notice that on the 11th day of March 1918, the plaintiff filed his petition in the probate court of Coshocton County Ohio, praying for a divorce from the defendant on the ground of Gross Neglect of Duty, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after the 27th day of April 1918.

C. O. TURNER
Attorney for Plaintiff
Mar 11, 18, 25; Apr 1, 8, 15.

LEGAL NOTICE

Francis J. Bowers whose last known place of residence was at No. 319 Grant Street, New Castle, Penna., will take notice that on March 9th 1918 Lillian F. Bowers filed her petition in the probate court of Coshocton County, Ohio, praying for a divorce from him, on the grounds of willful absence for over three years, and for gross neglect of duty and for custody of children, and that he is required to answer said petition on or before the 22 day of April 1918.

LILLIAN F. BOWERS.
L. N. Staats, Atty.
Mar 11, 18, 25, Apr. 1, 8, 15.

WHY SALONIKI EXPEDITION SEEMS A PUZZLE

THE SALONIKI EXPEDITION, UNDERTAKEN FOR THE RELIEF OF THE SERBS, HAS SO FAR BEEN UNPRODUCTIVE OF GOOD RESULTS BECAUSE EVERY TERRAIN ADVANTAGE IS IN FAVOR OF CENTRAL POWERS TROOPS.

By GEORGE A. SCHREINER,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

(Mr Schreiner is the only American correspondent ever on the Macedonian front with the Central Powers troops. On one of his trips he traveled approximately 800 miles to view the positions of the Bulgars and their Allies. All of his reports on these trips were suppressed by the various censorships of Europe, so that the present series constitutes the first authentic account ever made on the subject.

NEW YORK, APRIL 2 — Though one of the minor theatres of war, Saloniki is again attracting widespread attention for the reason that some consider a German-Bulgarian drive against the Allied forces at that point probable and even imminent. That the general staffs of the Allied armies deem such a move likely was shown during the Winter, when, following the recall of General Sarrail, a second reëquipment of the French and British troops in northern Greece was undertaken, in the course of which it became necessary to surrender much terrain.

The first Allied troops landed at Saloniki in November and December of 1915, were to come to the assistance of the Serbian armies whom Mackensen's great drive had completely overwhelmed Unfortunately, the Allied troops arrived too late to carry out this part of the program. Before the Saloniki army could do more than reach the Greek-Serbian border at Lake Doiran and near Fiorina, the Serbian army had been shattered and dispersed in Albania. Obliged to retreat through a very mountainous country the Serbians were forced to abandon most of their material and supplies, so that its fragments reached the Albanian coast in utter destitution. For some time nothing whatever could be done for the defeated Serbs, and when finally help reached them it took many months before the really wonderful fighting qualities of the Serbs had been roused again.

By that time the Germans, Bulgarians and Austro-Hungarians had taken firm footing along the Greek-Serbian boundary. In this they were aided first by the fact that it was a most difficult undertaking for the Allies to employ armed forces far from their base of supplies, and, secondly, by the nature of the terrain they had occupied.

What the nature of that terrain is I was able to ascertain on an extended trip to the Macedonian front in the Winter of 1915-16. The line has not changed much since then, as I was able to observe on later trips.

The active front in Macedonia may be said to start in the east at the narrow defile through which the Struma River reaches the Plain of Seres. The Cengel Dagh (mountains) east of this defile are on the average more than 5,000 feet high and totally impassable.

West of the Struma defile lies the Belatchitza Planina (range) a few Bulgarian outposts, composed for the greater part of Macedonian volunteers, have in the past sufficed to hold this chain of mountains. There are a few goat trails over the range and their defense is a simple matter. A few machine guns can hold any one of these so-called passes.

The lower levels near Lake Doiran and along the Vardar River made greater demands upon the Bulgarian army. But even in this case the terrain advantages have all been against the Caloniki forces. In December, 1915, the British and French had indeed succeeded in gaining much ground north of Lake Doiran They had even occupied the crests of several mountains of the Blagusa Planina, but were driven off in an offensive launched against them by General Todoroff, known as the butle of Kustorino.

West of the Vardar Valley the positions of the Central Power troops lie in the range north of the Moglena Basin, a southward tending watershed that has given the Allied commanders much trouble. The watercourses in the basin radiate like the ribs of a fan and an operation in the basin would result in an army marching together and being beaten piecemeal. We now come to the only district of the southern Balkan Peninsula in which military operations on a larger scale have been carried on the hill country northwest of Florina and the Malka in which lie the lakes of Prespa and Ochrida

These, in the main, are the outstanding features of the Saloniki campaign to date. The best that can be said of the result is that today the Allies and Central Powers troops are exactly where they were when the Saloniki expedition was first undertaken. The Allies have maintained at the Macedonian front a force of about 850,000 effectives, of whom roughly 20,000 are Serbs, if popular estimates are to be relied upon. The line of communication is of this force is a long one, since all supplies must be brought to Saloniki from either France or England

The expedition has been especially costly, insofar as it made a heavy demand upon shipping tonnage and gave the Central Powers submarines many a fine opportunity to reduce the number of ships available to the Allies. It has been estimated that fully 25 per cent of all shipping lost in the Mediterranean is due to the necessity of getting supplies to the Allied forces in Macedonia

One of the results of this has been the frequent consideration of the question whether it would not be better to abandon the Macedonian enterprise on much the same manner as the operations on Gallipoli were finally terminated To seriously harass under present conditions the Central Powers from that point is no longer considered possible, for the reason that an offensive by the Allied troops would be a continuous uphill grind in which the Central Powers troops would hold every advantage of terrain and communication. With the Bulgarians now in position to concentrate their efforts upon Macedonia and with the Turkish troops employed against the Rumanians and Russians also free for work in that theatre, not to mention the Austro-Hungarians, it would take a marmy of at least two millions to make headway from Saloniki

The fact is that the Saloniki expeditionary forces are today in the unpleasant position of being unable to get away without being overtaken by disaster This is the principal reason why the Saloniki expedition has not been cancelled so far. Details of this will be given in succeeding articles.

TURNING

(Continued From Page 1)

since been further extended and the British have been forced to abandon positions to the north and south of the Lys and west of the Lawe.

"The enemy now finds himself within forty miles of Calais. The main lines of communication to channel ports radiate vertically from this battle front and thus facilitate the German advance.

"During the four days fighting the enemy has gained a considerable local success in this area.

"The turning point in the west is being reached. The Germans have scored a distinct advantage which it would be very unwise to endeavor to belittle. Yet they have failed in their great purpose to achieve victory in the field and will soon be forced to resume their old tactics, seeking to gain limited objectives, striking first at one point, then at another in order to render the allied position untenable and give themselves greater security.

"On an approximate twelve mile front the enemy advanced to a depth ranging fro mthree to six miles. The French, contesting every foot of ground, were able to check the enemy's onslaught, and carry out their carefully arranged plan for the occupation of the line which they now hold south of Allette."

$1,000 W. S. S. PRIZE TO OHIO BOY OR GIRL

Contest For Sale of Stamps to Be Held This Summer.

Columbus, O.—(Special.)—To maintain interest of the million school children in Ohio in the War Savings Stamp campaign through the summer vacation months, the Ohio War Savings division of the state department of public instruction announces a contest among public and parochial school children, to the winner of which will go $1,000, maturity value of War Savings Stamps The contest opens May 1 and concludes Sept. 15

There will be not fewer than 25 valuable prizes The first prize will go to the boy or girl in the state who sells the most War Savings and Thrift Stamps during the period of the contest. A second prize a $900 Overland automobile, will be given to the boy or girl who sells the next highest amount of stamps; to the third a $500 Chevrolet car, and to the fourth $400 in War Savings Stamps. Another prize will be a $125 Orgon 'certain' watch.

Information of this contest has been forwarded from state headquarters of the Ohio War Savings committee to every school superintendent in the state. Within a few days complete details with a full list of prizes and donors, will be announced.

Try an Ad in the classified column of The Tribune.

Latest Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS

CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, O., APRIL 15 CATTLE—Receipts 2000 head, market is 25c lower.

Choice fat steers	$13.00@14.00
Good to choice butcher steers	12.50@13.00
Fair to good butcher steers	10.00@11.50
Good to choice heifers	11.50@12.50
Good to choice butcher bulls	10.50@11.50
Good to choice cows	9.00@10.00
Fair to good cows	7.00@9.00
Common cows	5.00@7.00

CALVES—Receipts [illegible] head; market $1 lower

Good to choice veal calves	14.00@14.50
Fair to good	13.00@14.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 3,000; market steady, top 17.75

HOGS—Receipts 6000 head; market 15c lower.

Yorkers	$18.75
Mixed	18.75
Heavies	18.25
Mediums	18.25
Pigs	17.75
Roughs	16.00
Stags	14.25

CHICAGO

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO, APRIL 15.—HOGS—Receipts 65,000; markets slow 15c lower

Mixed and butchers	$17.10@17.80
Good and heavy	16.25@17.70
Rough heavy	16.25@16.70
Light	17.25@17.85
Pigs	13.00@17.00
Bulk	17.40@17.70

CATTLE—Receipts 25,000 head; market steady.

Beeves	$10.60@16.40
Cows and feeders	7.25@13.50
Stockers and feeders	8.70@12.50
Calves	10.00@15.00

SHEEP Receipts 12,000 head; market strong.

Native and Western	$13.25@17.85
Lambs	16.50@21.00

PITTSBURGH

PITTSBURG, PA., APRIL 15.—CATTLE Receipts 1500 head; market active, 50c@$1.00 up.

Choice	$15.00@15.55
Good	14.50@15.00
Fdy butchers	13.50@14.50
Fair	12.25@13.25
Common	12.25@13.25
Common to good fat bulls	9.00@12.50
Common to good fat cows	8.00@12.50
Heifers	12.00@13.00
Fresh cows and springers	$70@110
Veal calves	16.00

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light, market 25c up

Prime wethers	$14.50
Good mixed	11.50@12.50
Fair mixed	10.00@11.00
Culls and common	6.00@8.00
Spring lambs	18.00

HOGS—Receipts 36 double decks; market lower.

Prime heavy hogs	$18.25@18.10
Mediums	18.60@18.75
Heavy Yorkers	18.60@18.75
Light Yorkers	18.50@18.65
Pigs	18.25@18.50
Roughs	12.75@16.25
Stags	12.75@16.25

Stock Market

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15.—There was another reversal in market movement at the opening of the stock market today, the new week starting in with a show of pronounced strength, and prices generaly ranged from fractions to two points above Saturday's close.

Distillers' securities attracted most attention moving up over two points to 47 1-4, a new high record for it's movement. All the steel industrials were in good demand, with steel common opening up 1-2 at 90, while Baldwin Locomotive made an opening gain of 1 3-8 to 75.

American Car and Foundry opened 7-8 higher at 77 1-2 Midvale Steel sold ex 1 1-2 per cent dividend at 46, a gain of 7-8 and American Can made a gain of 3-4 to 41 1-4. Tobacco products advanced 1 1-2 to 91 1-4. Marine preferred made a gain of 7-8. Industrial Alcohol advanced 1 1-4 to 125.

Liberty bonds were in good demand the 3½s selling at 98.96, while the 1st 4s were traded in at 96.12

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO, ILLS., APRIL 13 CORN closed unchanged to 2 7-8 lower; oats 1-2 lower and provisions lower.

CLOSE—

CORN May 1 27 3-8; July 1 54 1-8 to 1 54; June 1 54 1-8

OATS—May 85 5-8@3 4; April 85 7-8.

PORK—May 47 85

LARD—May 25 67; July 25 02, April 25 77

RIBS—May 24 20; July 24 70, April 23 80.

CASH GRAIN

CORN—No 4, 1 55@1 59; No 3 yellow 1 70; No 5, white 1 34@1 45; No 4, yellow 1 35; No 4, white 1 55; No 5, yellow 1 50; No 6 white 1 30@1 40, No 6, mixed 1 30@1 35

OATS—No 3, white 90 1-4@91, No 4 white 87 1-2@90; standard 90 1-4@91.

CLEVELAND PRODUCE

CLEVELAND O APRIL 1 PRODUCE—BUTTER Creamery extra in tubs 44@45 pound, prints 47@48; firsts 40@42, second 37 1-2@38 1-2, packing stock 32@33

OLEOMARGARINE First grade 30@31, nut 26 1-2@27 1-2

EGGS Fresh 34

LIVE POULTRY Roosters, young 25; old 27

POTATOES Old 1 45@1 50 per hundred pounds; new 1 50@1 75 per hundred.

City subscribers should insist on a receipt from the carrier.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS

LOCAL GRAIN and FEED

(Corrected by Hanley Milling Co.)
We are paying today:

	Per 100 lbs.	Per Bu.
Wheat	$3.50	$2.10
Corn	2.00	1.46
Oats	2.30	.75

We are selling retail today:

Flour, per bbl.	$13.40
Flour, per ¼ bbl.	3.10
Flour, per 1-8 bbl.	1.85
Meal, yellow, bolted, per cwt.	3.00
Bran, in purchasers' bags	2.00
Middlings, in purchasers' bags	2.20
Screenings	3.00
Oats	1.00
Chops	3.30
Cracked Corn	3.00
Oil Meat	3.25
A-No 1 Salt, bbl.	2.00
Tankage	6.00
Corn	1.75

POULTRY

(Corrected by Charles E. Lorens)
Wholesale

Ducks(colored	.30
Ducks, white	.30
Geese	.20
Turkeys	.30
Roosters, young	.25
Roosters, old	.14

Retail

Geese	.25
Turkeys, alive	.35
Ducks	.25
Roosters, young	.28
Roosters, old	.18

SEED MARKET

(Corrected by Charles E. Lorens)
Selling Price

Alfalfa	$18.00
Blue Grass	2.50
Orchard Grass	2.25
Mammoth Clover	20.00
Fancy Medium	19.50
Prime Medium	19.00
Alsike	18.00
White Sweet	18.50
Yellow Sweet	6.00
Timothy	4.00
Soy Beans	2.25
Rape Seed, per lb.	.15

THOMSON FEED STORE
Buying Price

Straw (new)	$ 9.00
Loose Hay (new)	22.00
Bailed Hay	23.00

Selling Price

Salt, 100-lb sack	$ 1.10
Timothy	4.00

PRODUCE

(Corrected Daily by Overholt & Craig Grocery)
Wholesale Prices

Butter	.44
Eggs	.32
Country Lard	.26

Retail Prices

Butter	.48
Creamery Butter	.50
Eggs	.37
Lard	.35
Honey, per lb.	.20
Sugar, per lb.	.09
Onions, lb.	.06

EAST BUFFALO

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., APRIL 13.—CATTLE—Receipts 150 head, market light and steady.

Prime steers	$14.00@15.00
Butcher grades	6.50@13.50

CALVES—Receipts 500 head; market is slow

Cull of choice	$ 5.00@16.50

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts 600 head; market active.

Choice lambs	$21.00@21.75
Cull to fair	17.50@20.75
Yearlings	14.00@15.50
Sheep	5.00@15.50

HOGS—Receipts 800 head; market active

Yorkers	$18.50@18.80
Pigs	18.25@18.50
Mixed	18.60@18.75
Heavy	18.40@18.60
Roughs	16.00@16.50
Stags	13.50@14.00

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO, ILLS., APRIL 15.—CORN opened 1-4 lower, oats were 1-4 @1-2 lower and provisions opened lower.

OPENING—

CORN—May 1 27; July 1 50 1-4 to 1 50 3-4

OATS—April 87 1-2; May 83 3-4 to 84

LARD July 25 90 to 25 87.

RIBS May 24 85; July 24.45 to 24 50

TOLEDO GRAIN

TOLEDO, O., APRIL 13—CLOSE

CORN No 3, yellow 1 65; No. 3, mixed 1.60, No. 3, white 1.70

OATS—Standard, white 94 1-2; No. 3, white 93@93; No 4, white 92 1-2@93; sample white 87@91 1-2.

RYE No 2, 2 60

CLOVERSEED Prime cash 19.00; October 14.90

ALSIKE Prime cash 15 25.

TIMOTHY Old, prime cash 3.62 1-2, nov 3.65 April 3.65, old Sept. 4.15; October 4.05

Nature's Error.

Suffers writes us that if nature had known what she was about when she made man, she would have given him two noses—one to have a cold in and one for general utility. Then you could get the first on amputated (as in the case of tonsils or an appendix) and live comparatively happily ever after. We will call nature's attention to it.—Exchange.

Velvet-Making.

Velvet was developed and originated from fur in China. Thence velvet-making was introduced into India, and in the fourteenth century into Italy, where that sort of fabric especially appealed, and where the art of velvet-making reached its height.

Newspaper ARCHIVE.com

PASTIME TONIGHT One Day Only

JACK RICHARDSON and CLAIRE McDOWELL in "MAN ABOVE THE LAW"

A Great Drama of the West. Also TRIANGLE COMEDY.

EXTRA! SPECIAL TUESDAY! (Tomorrow)

One Day Only! Don't Miss It! Brave West Pointer, in airplane, saves Sweetheart taken prisoner by Germans. SEE

"FOR FRANCE"

A thrilling replace of the romantic fight of a plucky American for a little French girl and her people. A marvelous reproduction of France during the first days of the Great War. Featuring

EDWARD EARLE and BETTY HOWE

Wonderful Greater VITAGRAPH Production in Five Thrilling Acts

—WEDNESDAY—

The Highest Attainment in the Production of Romantic Photo Drama

J. Warren Kerrigan

As John Stuart Webster, the Mining Engineer, who Fights a Great Fight and Wins a Great Victory, in

"A Man's Man"

Peter B. Kyne's Famous Story

Adapted to the Screen by Thomas Geraghty

"The Much Loved Star—Dramatic Artiste Supreme—The Delight of Ten Million Hearts"



MESSINES

(Continued From Page One)

been fought over in the course of the war. The Germans massed an enormous amount of artillery and heavy shells behind their lines and have been shelling all the villages in range of their guns.

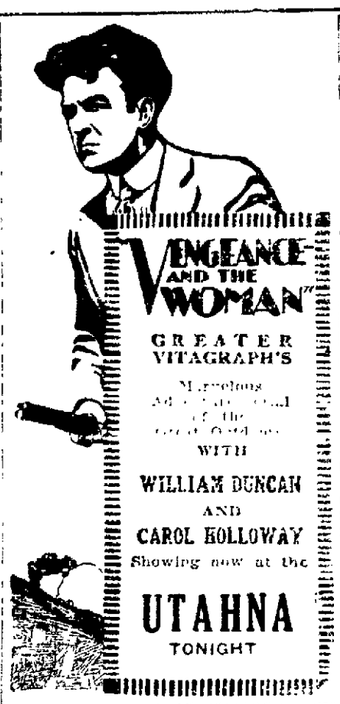
For six days and almost as many nights the thunder of the great guns has roared incessantly across the flat country over which the engagement has been in progress. Behind the British lines the roads are congested with refugees fleeing to safety zones and by long lines of troops hurrying to the front or by artillery and wagon trains.

Night time has given an opportunity to see the full savagery of modern warfare. Then the sky is filled with the noise of the shelling and is lighted up as far as the eye can see by burning villages and the flares from exploding bombs and the detonations of the guns.

General Foch, the allied generalissimo is sending reinforcements to the British front, but just what strategic movement he will employ to win the day has not yet been revealed.

It is generally recognized that Field Marshal Haig's spirited order to his troops to hold their positions to the last man has had its effect and that the strength of the German thrusts must get weaker and weaker from now on, while those of the allies gain.

CLEVELAND—Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France and Ohio governor, has been chosen president of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.



Weather Forecast For This Week

Forecast for the period April 15th to April 20th, inclusive.

Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Fair first part of the week, except showers Monday in east portion, temperature above normal; middle of the week, fair and warmer; end of the week, showers with higher temperature.

Region of Great Lakes—Showers Monday with temperature somewhat above the average; middle of the week, fair with normal temperature; end of the week, showers with temperature considerably above normal.

BRODE LEAVES.

Edgar Brode, son of Mr. and Mrs C. A. Brode, of South Sixth street, left Sunday evening for Cincinnati to report for duty in the navy. He will probably be sent to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station near Chicago.

OUR DUTY

Is To Urge People To Save Their Money, Buy Liberty Bonds, War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps

1. And be patriotic.
2. And at the same time reward themselves to the extent of the money saved.
3. And the good habit formed.
4. Open your savings account
5. With The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company.
6. Rankin Building, 22 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio.
7. Headquarters for thrifty Citizens. Assets $11,500,000

Five per cent paid on time deposits.



J. WARREN KERRIGAN

Manager Chacos takes great pleasure in introducing Mr. J. Warren Kerrigan, appearing at Pastime Wednesday only in "A Man's Man" from the story by Peter B. Kyne.

AN ATMOSPHERE Of PLEASANTRY



It is our constant aim to maintain a pleasant store atmosphere for our hundreds of customers. Pleasant salespeople to look after your wants—salespeople possessed of that natural desire to serve.

Displays of merchandise of pleasing quality and appearance, the best values from reliable houses. A better delivery service has just been added—the new auto truck will make two general delivery trips each day, one at 10:30 A. M. and one at 4:30 P. M. We are glad to make any delivery of your purchases here.

STORE NEWS

Mrs. John Heiser has just been added to our sales force and is at the Art Department. New Spring merchandise has been put in stock here, many new finish pieces, also stamped pieces, and other assessories. We feel this department now at its highest efficiency.

Mr. John Smith has just been added to our force and will be in charge of the new delivery and general utility man.

We invite you always to make this store your home—and be at home here, please.

The Monroe Steele Co.

Watch the Honor List Grow

Coshocton County Never Falls Down--- Make A Record for Your Township

BUY LIBERTY BONDS TODAY

Here They Go 'Over the Top'

FIRST	
Lafayette Twp.	$ 46,650
SECOND	
Jefferson Twp.	$ 39,650
THIRD	
Oxford Twp.	$ 18,000
FOURTH	
New Castle Twp.	$ 20,250
FIFTH	
Perry Twp.	$ 13,000
SIXTH	
White Eyes Twp.	$ 16,750
SEVENTH	
Coshocton City	$214,350
EIGHTH	
Tiverton Twp.	$ 12,000
NINTH	
Franklin Twp.	$ 32,100
TENTH	
Bedford Twp.	$ 14,000
ELEVENTH	
Jackson Twp.	$ 29,700
TWELFTH	
Clark Twp.	$ 13,000
THIRTEENTH	
Washington Twp.	$ 13,100
FOURTEENTH	
Crawford Twp.	$ 18,000

HERE'S YOUR QUOTA

Township	Quota	Subscribed
Adams	$ 15,000	$ ———
Bedford	14,000	14,000
Bethlehem	14,000	11,900
Clark	13,000	13,000
Crawford	18,000	18,000
Franklin	20,000	32,100
Jackson	23,000	29,700
Jefferson	30,000	36,650
Keene	18,000	14,150
Lafayette	35,000	46,650
Linton	22,000	4,100
Mill Creek	12,000	250
Monroe	10,000	1,000
New Castle	18,000	20,250
Oxford	18,000	18,000
Perry	13,000	13,000
Pike	20,000	1,800
Tiverton	12,000	12,000
Tuscarawas	16,400	8,850
Virginia	12,000	4,600
Washington	13,000	13,100
White Eyes	15,000	16,750
City of Coshocton	150,000	214,350
Total	$531,400	$547,200

MR. LOYAL CITIZEN:

Look over the above list and see if your township is in the Roll of Honor. If not, get busy!

THIS MEANS YOU

Coshocton County **Liberty Loan** Sales Committee

U.S. NAVY MEN ANTICIPATE A MIGHTY BATTLE

(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 13.—The German menace against the channel ports has long been recognized and provided against by the allied war lords. Naval dispositions in which United States vessels of every class have a large share were taken weeks before the opening of the spring offensive.

These dispositions, it is confidently asserted in official circles here, will more than offset any possible German capture of these points.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Rossevelt today admitted that reports of preparations for a sally from Kiel had reached the department from many sources previous to the publication of the reports from Geneva this morning.

The American naval officers look with a certain amount of glee on the menace to the channel ports as a means of enticing the German high seas fleet into a stand up fight. The result of such a fight would be decisive. So overwhelming is the naval force which the allies could bring to bear in such an operation that naval officers believe it would not only wipe out the capital elements of the German navy but would play such havoc with her submarine and other auxiliary naval arms as to make possible allied control of the Bight of Helligoland seat of all German power at sea.

AN AVIATOR'S ROMANCE TOLD IN BIG PHOTOPLAY

A charming romance of war, in which the hero is a young West Pointer, an aviator in the French army, and the heroine the daughter of a famous French painter, is told in "For France" the Greater Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature, which will be the attraction in the Pastime Theatre on Tuesday only. The cast is made up of Vitagraph favorites, including Edward Earle, Miss Betty Howe, Frank Andrews, and Arthur Donaldson.

A BRIGHT SPOT IN THE DAY'S NEWS

It's going to be tough on the Columbus lover of Bock this summer.

Columbus breweries have boosted the price of beer to $11 a barrel and 75 cents for a dozen pints, delivered to the house, 90 cents a dozen.

The result.

Saloon keepers are going to charge 15 cents for a bottle of beer across the mahogany, a boost of five cents. And, furthermore, they are going to get smaller glasses to serve nickle drinks in.

Hitchcock Succeeds Sen. Stone

(By ROBERT B. SMITH)
(International News Service)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 15.—The capital today mourned the loss of one of its most conspicuous figures, Senator Wm. Stone, of Missouri, chairman of the senate foreign relations' committee. His death yesterday afternoon caused a virtual suspension of activities in congress today.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence in this city this afternoon after which the body will be taken to Jefferson City, Missouri, the state capital, where it will lie in state. Scores of senators and congressman, as well as nearly every high official in the executive department was expected to attend the services. The entire Missouri delegation in congress, with the exception of Senator Champ Clark, will accompany the funeral train to Missouri. Burial will take place at Senator Stone's old home, Nevada, Missouri.

Because of Senator Stone's long term of service in congress, his still longer experience in national politics and his prominence as chairman of the important foreign relations' committee, his death caused a profound shock in official and political Washington. His political enemies forgot their antagonism to join with his friends in sorrow over his loss.

The death of Senator Stone makes the seventh in the senate since the United States entered the war. No such number of deaths in the upper house in such a short period of time has ever before been recorded. Preceding him in death were Senators Husting, of Wisconsin; Lane, of Oregon; Newlands, of Nevada; Brady, of Idaho; Hughes, of New Jersey, and Broussard, of Washington, who died only last Friday.

By a singular coincidence all but one of the seven senators who have died were Democrats. Until successors are appointed to fill the vacancies caused by the death of Senators Stone and Broussard, the Democratic majority will be but six.

Operation of the ancient rules of seniority will place Senator Gilbert Hitchcock, of Nebraska, in the chairmanship of the foreign relations' committee, perhaps the most prized position in the senate, particularly in the present crisis of world affairs.

5 SPECIAL BILLS FOR W. A. ASHBROOK

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 15—The House today passed five more special pension bills for Congressman Ashbrook, to wit:

	Per mo.
Thos. J. Shooker, Mansfield	$35
Josephus Gatten, Newark	50
Welcome Ashbrook, Ashley	50
Phedora J. Black, Mt. Vernon	25
Mary A. Ames, Plymouth	25

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BANK CLEARINGS SHOW GAIN OVER SAME WEEK IN '17

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15.—Bank clearings in the United States for the week ending April 11 as reported to Bradstreets' Journal aggregate $5,635,638,000 against $5,853,661,000 last week and $5,359,873,000 in this week last year.

Following are clearings at some of the principal cities:

New York	$3,094,680,000, dec.	2.6
Chicago	513,933,000, inc.	1.1
Philadelphia	341,909,000, inc.	15.1
Boston	257,945,000, inc.	16.4
St. Louis	150,022,000, inc.	10.2
Kansas City	193,408,000, inc.	43.6
San Francisco	94,735,000, inc.	12.3
Pittsburg	77,441,000, inc.	12.3
Cleveland	79,062,000, inc.	9.1
Detroit	52,479,000, dec.	4.0
Baltimore	54,477,000, inc.	30.4
Cincinnati	55,596,000, inc.	39.9
Minneapolis	30,492,000, dec.	2.2
New Orleans	52,013,000, inc.	55.7
Louisville	33,915,000, inc.	77.4
Indianapolis	12,559,000, dec.	10.0
Columbus	11,089,000, dec.	10.7
x-Toledo	9,903,000, ———	———
Akron	7,190,000, inc.	5.1

X—last week's

FOUR SOLDIERS PULL THAT WILD WESTERN STUFF

(International News Service)

NEW YORK, N. Y., APRIL 15—Five persons, a woman and four men, are wounded here as the result of a revolver battle between two policemen and four soldiers at Hollis, L. I. The woman, Mrs. E. C. Brush, of New York, may die.

The pitched battle followed a bold holdup in a cafe at Hollis. Four soldiers entered the place, drew revolvers, and relieved half a dozen patrons of money and valuables. They cut the telephone wires before making their escape.

After an exciting chase in a commandeered automobile the men were run down. They described themselves as a sergeant and three privates.

GERMAN LOSSES ARE STAGGERING

THE HAGUE, APRIL 15.—Three hundred and seventy thousand Germans were killed in the first week of their offensive on western front according to a report printed by the Belgische Dagblad, today. It said that 20 baskets, measuring 24 by 16 inches in size, full of German soldiers identification discs have arrived at Peruwelzin, Belgium, representing 370,000 dead.

An identification disc worn by a German soldier is about the size of an American quarter.

George B. Girard, of Huntington, L. I., owner of the commandeered car, was wounded by a bullet from the revolver of one of the soldiers as was Mrs. Brush. The policemen, officers Colton and Burns, received slight wounds.

"The four soldiers held by the police described themselves as Roy S. Smithson, of Alderman, W. Va., Sergeant Otis O. Walker, Millburn, Okla., Wm. B. Harrison, Centerville, Tenn., and Harry Cohen, of Brooklyn."

CONSCRIPTION OF IRISH THE BIG QUESTION

(International News Service)

LONDON, APRIL 15.—Whether military conscription or home rule would come first to Ireland was the big political question in the public today.

The house of commons sitting in committee passed the Irish conscription clause of the man power bill by a majority of 165.

The debate was marked by an eloquent plea by Arthur Henderson, the Laborite leader, that conscription be deferred until home rule is a reality.

The Chronicle, in commenting upon the Irish question today said:

"The front bench (members of the government) was unmoved either by the indignation of the Irish or by the grave and firm protest made by Premier Asquit. A majority of the house, we believe, including many Unionists, thoroly dislikes it, but naturally no majority wants to expose the country to a political upheaval in the midst of a perilous military situation.'

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name and style of Frew & Lybarger, was on the 1st. day of February, 1918, dissolved by mutual consent so far as concerns John R. Frew, who retires from said firm. The business will be continued by Harry S. Lybarger, Attorney At Law, who has purchased the interest of Mr. Frew and who will adjust and settle all unfinished transactions of the late firm. Mr. Lybarger will retain the offices of said firm in the Fred building, Coshocton, Ohio.

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